Chunghwa Precision Test Tech. Co., Ltd.

2020 Annual General Shareholders' Meeting Minutes

(Translation)

Time and Date: 9:00 am, June 3, 2020 (Wednesday)

Venue: No. 398, Minquan Road, Zhongli District, Taoyuan City

The number of shares attendance:

Attending shareholders and proxy represented 23,264,820 shares (including 20,301,244 shares which attended through electronic voting) accounting for 70.95% of the Company's total outstanding shares 32,789,022.

Directors present:

Hsiu-Gu Huang (Chairman of the Board of Directors), Shui-Ke Huang (Director and CEO), Kuo-Feng Lin (Director), Wen-Nan Tsan (Independent Director)

Others present:

Lee and Li Attorney Alice Huang,

Deloitte & Touche CPA Dien- Sheng Chang

Chairman: Hsiu-Gu Huang (Chairman of the Board of Directors)

Recorder: Chili Tsang

1. Call Meeting to Order:

The aggregate shareholding of the shareholders present constituted a quorum. The Chairman called the meeting to order.

2. Chairman Address: Omitted.

3. Report Items:

(1) 2019 Business Report.

Explanatory Note: Details of the 2019 Business Report was attached hereto as Attachment 1.

(Noted)

(2) 2019 Audit Committee's Review Report.

Explanatory Note: Details of the 2019 Audit Committee's Review Report was attached hereto as Attachment 2.

(Noted)

(3) 2019 Employees' Compensation and Remuneration of Director Report.

Explanatory Note:

- 1. According to Article 30 of the Company's Articles of Incorporation and based on the profit performance for the year 2019, employees' compensation NT\$79,211,038 and remuneration of director NT\$2,727,041 have been approved by the Board of Directors. Both will be distributed in cash.
- 2. Details of the employees' compensation and remuneration of directors are as follows:

Unit: NTD

Item	Amount	Percentage
2019 Profits (pre-tax profit before	\$870,226,465	
employees' compensation and		
remuneration of directors)		
Employees' compensation (cash)	79,211,038	9.10%
Directors' remuneration (cash)	2,727,041	0.31%
Income before income tax	<u>\$788,288,386</u>	

Chairman: Hsiu-Gu Huang CEO: Shui-Ke Huang Chief Accountant: Yi-Ping Hsu

(Noted)

4. Acknowledgments:

(1) 2019 Business Report and Financial Statements.

(Proposed by the board of directors)

Explanatory Note:

- 1. The Company's 2019 consolidated and standalone financial statements have been audited by CPAs Dien-Sheng Chang and Ching-Pin Shih of Deloitte Taiwan. There are two (2) sets of financial statements, along with the business report, which were submitted for review by the Audit Committee, to which it has issued a written review statement.
- 2. For details of the 2019 Business Report, Independent Auditor's Report and the above mentioned financial statements, please refer to Attachment 1, 3 and 4.

Resolution:

Voting Results:

Shares represented at the time of voting: 23,264,820

Voting Results	% of the total represented share present
Votes in favor: 22,412,503 votes (including electronic voting: 19,460,933 votes)	96.34%
Votes against: 3,322 votes (including electronic voting: 3,322 votes)	0.01%
Votes invalid: none	0.00%
Votes abstained: 848,995 votes (including electronic voting: 836,989 votes)	3.65%

RESOLVED, that the above proposal be and hereby was approved as proposed.

(2) The proposal for distribution of 2019 earnings.

(Proposed by the board of directors)

Explanatory Note:

1. The Company has finalized its accounts for 2019 and proposed earnings distribution as listed below, including NT\$327,890,220 in cash dividends. The cash dividend amounts to NT\$10 per share, and will be distributed to common stock shareholders according to the shareholder registry as of the ex-dividend base date.

Chunghwa Precision Test Tech. Co., Ltd. 2019 Earnings Distribution Proposal

Unit: NTD

Item	Amount
Unappropriated retained earnings of previous years	\$ 1,288,749,930
Less: Effect of retrospective application of IFRS 16	1,192,878
Unappropriated retained earnings after adjustment	
	1,287,557,052
Plus: Net income of 2019	625,163,740
Less: Provisioning for special reserve	3,229,943
Less: 10% provision for legal reserve	<u>62,516,374</u>
Distributable earnings	\$ <u>1,846,974,475</u>
Distributions:	
Shareholders' cash dividends (NT\$10 per share)	<u>327,890,220</u>
Unappropriated retained earnings	
	\$ <u>1,519,084,255</u>

Chairman: Hsiu-Gu Huang CEO: Shui-Ke Huang Chief Accountant: Yi-Ping Hsu

- 2. Upon approval of cash dividends proposed during the 2020 Annual General Shareholders' Meeting, the Chairman shall be authorized to set the ex-dividend base date and details relating to the payment of cash dividends.
- 3. The amount of cash dividends per shareholder shall be calculated to the rounded-down full NT dollar; fractional amount be ignored. The sum of unpaid cash dividend resulting from the above rounded-down, will be distributed to each shareholder (in descending order) and their shareholder account numbers (in ascending order), until cash dividends have been fully distributed.
- 4. Should the Company encounter a change of share capital that changes the number of outstanding shares on a later date, the Chairman shall be fully authorized to make the necessary adjustments to the percentage of cash dividends allocated to shareholders.
- 5. The above cash dividend shall be distributed to shareholders from 2019 earnings as a priority.

Resolution:

Voting Results:

Shares represented at the time of voting: 23,264,820

Voting Results	% of the total represented share present
Votes in favor: 22,411,503 votes (including electronic voting: 19,459,933 votes)	96.33%
Votes against: 4,322 votes (including electronic voting: 4,322 votes)	0.02%
Votes invalid: none	0.00%
Votes abstained: 848,995 votes (including electronic voting: 836,989 votes)	3.65%

RESOLVED, that the above proposal be and hereby was approved as proposed.

5. Proposed Resolutions

(1) Amendments to the "Rules of the Procedures for Shareholders Meetings" (Proposed by the board of directors)

Explanatory Note:

1. In response to the Company Act and "Rules of the Procedures for Shareholders Meetings" formulated by the competent authority, it is hereby proposed to amend the "Rules of the Procedures for Shareholders Meetings" accordingly.

2. Comparison Table for "Rules of the Procedures for Shareholders Meetings" Before and After Revision, please refer to Attachment 5.

Resolution:

Voting Results:

Shares represented at the time of voting: 23,264,820

Voting Results	% of the total represented share present
Votes in favor: 22,411,488votes (including electronic voting: 19,459,918 votes)	96.33%
Votes against: 3,322 votes (including electronic voting: 3,322 votes)	0.02%
Votes invalid: none	0.00%
Votes abstained: 850,010 votes (including electronic voting: 838,004 votes)	3.65%

RESOLVED, that the above proposal be and hereby was approved as proposed.

(2) Amendments to the "Third Party Lending, Endorsements, and Guarantee Procedures"

(Proposed by the board of directors)

Explanatory Note:

- 1. In response to the "Regulations Governing the Loaning of Funds and Making of Endorsements/Guarantees by Public Companies", it is hereby proposed to amend the "Third Party Lending, Endorsements, and Guarantee Procedures".
- 2. Comparison Table for "Third Party Lending, Endorsements, and Guarantee Procedures" Before and After Revision, please refer to Attachment 6.

Resolution:

Voting Results:

Shares represented at the time of voting: 23,264,820

Voting Results	% of the total represented share present
Votes in favor: 22,411,488votes (including electronic voting: 19,459,918 votes)	96.33%
Votes against: 3,337 votes (including electronic voting: 3,337 votes)	0.02%
Votes invalid: none	0.00%
Votes abstained: 849,995 votes (including electronic voting: 837,989 votes)	3.65%

RESOLVED, that the above proposal be and hereby was approved as proposed.

6. Election Matters

Election of Directors (Proposed by the Board of Directors)

Explanatory Note:

- 1. The term of the current directors of the company will expire on Jun. 7, 2020, and the election is scheduled on this annual general meeting.
- 2. Pursuant to Article 18 of the Company's Articles of Incorporation, seven directors (incl. three independent directors) are to be elected, and the candidate nomination system is adopted. For the list of candidates for directors (incl. independent directors), please refer to Attachment 7.
- 3. The term of the new directors is three years, from Jun. 3, 2020 to Jun. 2, 2023, and the term of the current directors will end on the date of this Annual General Meeting.
- 4. This election was conducted pursuant to the Company's "Regulations for the Election of Directors", please refer to Appendix 4.

Resolution:

Election Results:

Candidate for	Account No./ ID No.	Name	Votes
Director	1	Chunghwa Investment Co., Ltd. Representative: Kuo-Feng Lin	20,108,708
Director	1	Chunghwa Investment Co., Ltd. Representative: Ivan Lin	18,962,612
Director	3	Shui-Ke Huang	18,719,555
Director	322	MediaTek Capital Co. Representative: Heng-Chen Chen	18,044,217
Independent Director	A12323XXXX	Wen-Nan Tsan	17,620,271
Independent Director	Y22039XXXX	Chung-Fern Wu	17,404,917
Independent Director	E10058XXXX	Huang-Chuan Chiu	17,126,418

7. Other Motions

Removal of Restrictions on Competing Business Involvement for New Directors and their Representatives. (Proposed by the Board of Directors)

Explanatory Note:

- 1. Pursuant to Article 209 of the Company Act, a director who does anything for themselves or on behalf of another person that is within the scope of the company's business, shall explain to the meeting of shareholders the essential contents of such an act and secure its approval.
- 2. In order to draw on the expertise and relevant experience of the Directors of the Company, it is proposed to remove the restrictions on competing business involvement for new directors and their representatives.
- 3. For details on removal of restrictions on competing business involvement for new directors and their representatives, please refer to Attachment 8.

Resolution:

Voting Results:

Shares represented at the time of voting: 23,264,820

Voting Results	% of the total represented share present
Votes in favor: 20,502,499 votes (including electronic voting: 18,655,025 votes)	88.13%
Votes against: 7,947 votes (including electronic voting: 7,947 votes)	0.03%
Votes invalid: none	0.00%
Votes abstained: 2,754,374 votes (including electronic voting: 1,638,272 votes)	11.84%

RESOLVED, that the above proposal be and hereby was approved as proposed.

8. Special Motion: None.

9. Meeting Adjourned: 9:39 am, June 3, 2020.

Chunghwa Precision Test Tech. Co., Ltd. 2019 Business Report

I. 2019 Business Report:

(I) Results of business plan

Business results

Despite the tension between the US and China intensifying and the global semiconductor market declining, Chunghwa Precision Test Tech has converted challenges into opportunities and grown against the adversity in a versatile environment through its advanced technology, outstanding business strategies, and manufacturing and operating strategies. Our continuous advancement in advanced semiconductor process technology, innovative development of niche product probe cards, and the introduction of smart manufacturing have laid a good foundation for the Company's future development and potential. In addition to the continuous development of high-end test boards in 2019 to meet the technological evolution of the industry, the Company's Netcom chip probe card products and RF system on a chip (SoC) have also been verified, and the product quality and services have been well-received by international manufacturers. We look forward to providing customers with more complete semiconductor test solutions in the future.

Corporate development

The operation of Chunghwa Precision Test Tech (CHPT) has grown rapidly. The current plant is insufficient for use, so the Board of Directors approved the construction and operation of the R&D headquarters in 2017, and the R&D headquarters was completed in Q4 2019 and it has started production. In addition to increasing demand for production capacity, high-precision machining centers have also been deployed to attract more R&D talent. The center will gradually integrate mechanical, electrical, optical, chemical, magnetic, and other technologies to assist the Company develop more comprehensively, and at the same time introduce more advanced industrial technology and more employment opportunities into the Taoyuan area.

Honors and Awards

CHPT focuses on R&D of high-level test boards. The Company has key and unique technologies in specific fields and possesses global competitiveness. In 2019, it was honored as one of the top TOP 5000 companies with outstanding business performance by the China Credit Information Service in 2019, and one of the top 2000 companies by Common Wealth Magazine in 2019.

(II) Revenues, expenses, and profitability analysis:

CHPT adopts a stable financial strategy and focuses on its business operations. Pursuing revenue and profit growth under the control of operational risks, the operating income for 2019 was NT\$ 3.39 billion, with a 3.3% increase from the previous year. Gross profit margin remained at 53.1%. Earnings per share decreased slightly to NT\$ 19.07, which was mainly due to the termination of production plans for specific-purpose PCBs in order to fulfill the demand from semiconductor customers and focus on high value-added products for profitable growth.

	•	Unit: NTD thousands
Item	2019	2018
Net Revenue	3,386,538	3,279,030
Gross profit	1,799,177	1,746,564
Income before Operations	870,023	898,521
Net income	625,164	716,024
EPS (\$)	19.07	21.84

(III) Research and development

"R&D" is the core of CHPT. With constant innovation and improvements, we persist in the development of advanced technology. The Company has developed the capacity to design high-frequency and high-speed PCB/Substrates. By working closely with manufacturers, we are able to develop advanced production procedures, create customized test interfaces, and develop mass production technology within the shortest time to satisfy customers' needs for wafer or package testing and raise the efficiency of the tests that are conducted. In the future, the Company will continue to carry out R&D in forward-looking technologies and innovative applications, implement product design, research and system management, and continue to enhance the Company's leading position in core competitiveness. The Company successfully developed the following technologies or products in 2019:

- 1. Successfully introduced the Periodic Pulse Reverse plating process, meeting the IPC-CLASS 3 standards.
- 2. Increased back drill depth of Pitch 0.5mm to 5.5mm.
- 3. Completed verification of new materials for high-frequency.
- 4. Developed 5G mmWave OTA measurement methodology
- 5. Conducted research on 5G mmWave transmittance architecture and high-frequency dielectric properties
- 6. Developed a 125GHz related measurement methodology
- 7. Completed the development and application of smart logistics system technology
- 8. Developed an edge computing system in vertical continuous copper wire application technology
- 9. Passed the verification of Netcom chip and RF SoC probe card products

II. 2020 Business plans

(I) Operational guidelines

Looking forward to 2020, 5G applications will drive an increase in demand for semiconductor test interfaces, and the demand for light, thin, short, compact 5G smart phone designs, and the demand for heterogeneous integrated packaging. Among them, 5G IoT and Sub-6GHz will drive growth in the technology of System in Package (SiP), while 5G mmWave drives the development of technologies in Antenna in Package (AiP) and Antenna on a Chip (AoC). As a result, wafer testing operations are more complex and time-consuming. The role of semiconductor testing in the front-end wafer testing and back-end system-level testing has gained importance. Therefore, the demand for test interfaces and test fixtures has also increased. Besides the automotive electronics and the IoT, the widening of application and diversification of Artificial Intelligence (AI) and High Performance Computing (HPC) have also contributed to the demand for semiconductors. In addition to the Company's domination of about 70% of the market for smartphone application processor (AP) test boards, the Company also has long-term layout in other chip testing areas, such as Netcom chip, automotive electronics, and market development of niche product of probe cards. The Company works closely with world-renowned manufacturers. There will also be closer interactions with expertise in other semi-conductor fields. The Company has adhered to its business philosophy of "technology, customer satisfaction, profitability, and employee care". It currently maintains a market-leading position in semiconductor testing, and will continue to ensure its leading position by anticipating the demands of the next-generation products and early investment in R&D resources, in an effort to implement the Company's operational guidelines "Long-term, Stability, Developing, Innovation, International" to create more shareholder value.

(II) Key production and marketing strategies

- 1. Answer to customer needs. Satisfy future production plans.
- 2. Strengthen the distribution channels of probe cards.
- 3. Follow the trend of 5G, adjust the production strategy.

III. The company's future strategies; impacts of the competitive environment, regulatory environment, and the overall business environment

At a time where the international situation is fluctuating and the global economy is uncertain, the Company will continue to focus on R&D, persistently pursue excellence in manufacturing, and strengthen management to maintain the competitiveness of the Company. In addition, the Company also strengthens the understanding in the external competitive environment, regulatory environment, and overall operating environment, and pays more

attention to corporate governance, corporate social responsibility and the implementation of green environmental protection laws and regulations to provide the most advanced and comprehensive test solutions for the future market application of the semiconductor industry.

Looking to the future, in order to meet the diverse needs of the market, CHPT will continue to strengthen the coverage of each product line and the quality of R&D and service. By possessing the leading core technology, the Company strengthens its competitiveness and technical energy, and works with customers to create market opportunities, in an effort to continue the industry's leading position and create higher shareholder value. Thanks to all the colleagues of the Company for their diligence and continued support and trust from all shareholders, CHPT will continue to promote future growth, create value for customers and society, and allow shareholders and employees to enjoy the fruits of the Company's operation results.

Chairman: Hsiu-Gu Huang CEO: Shui-Ke Huang Chief Accountant: Yi-Ping Hsu

Attachment 2

Chunghwa Precision Test Tech. Co., Ltd.

Audit Committee's Review Report

This is to certify that

We have reviewed the Company's 2019 Business Report, Consolidated Financial

Statements, Standalone Financial Statements, and Earnings Distribution Proposal

prepared by the Board of Directors. The standalone and consolidated financial

statements have been audited by CPAs Dien-Sheng Chang and Ching-Pin Shih of

Deloitte Taiwan, to which they issued an independent auditor's report. The Audit

Committee found no misstatement in the above Business Report, Consolidated

Financial Statements, Standalone Financial Statements, or Earnings Distribution

Proposal, and has issued the report as presented above in accordance with Article 219

of The Company Act and Article 14-4 of the Securities and Exchange Act.

Yours sincerely

For

The 2020 Annual General Shareholders' Meeting of

Chunghwa Precision Test Tech. Co., Ltd.

Chunghwa Precision Test Tech. Co., Ltd.

Wen-Nan Tsan

Chairman of the Audit Committee

February 12, 2020

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors and Shareholders Chunghwa Precision Test Tech. Co., Ltd.

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Chunghwa Precision Test Co., Ltd. (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group"), which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and the notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies (collectively referred to as the "consolidated financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with The Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2019. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

The key audit matter identified in the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2019 is as follows:

Revenue Recognition

Since a large number of inventories are stored at third-party storage facilities and the amount is significant, there may be a risk of revenue recognition in the incorrect period. When inventories stored at third-party facilities satisfy the performance obligation and are transferred to customers at different times, revenue recognized towards the end of the year may involve a higher risk of not being recorded in the correct period, thereby affecting the appropriateness of the cutoff of revenue recognition.

We thus performed the following audit procedures, including sampling from shipping orders before the end of the year and details of revenue accounts in the beginning of the following year and inspecting external evidences and relevant documents to ensure that revenues are recognized in the correct period. For inventories located at third-party storage facilities with significant amounts, we verified the accuracy of their number by sending external confirmations or by performing physical inventory. We also verified whether the inventories located at third-party storage facilities satisfied the performance obligation and were transferred to customers when revenues were recognized.

Other Matter

We have also audited the parent company only financial statements of Chunghwa Precision Test Tech. Co., Ltd. as of and for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 on which we have issued an unmodified opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and IFRS, IAS, IFRIC, and SIC endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including the audit committee are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision, and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2019 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partners on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report are Dien Sheng Chang and Ching Pin Shih.

Deloitte & Touche Taipei, Taiwan Republic of China

February 12, 2020

Notice to Readers

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the consolidated financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such consolidated financial statements are those generally applied in the Republic of China.

For the convenience of readers, the independent auditors' report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language independent auditors' report and consolidated financial statements shall prevail.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2019		2018	
ASSETS	Amount	%	Amount	%
CURDENT AGGETG				
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents (Notes 4 and 6)	\$ 2,255,188	29	\$ 3,527,971	49
Accounts receivable, net (Notes 4 and 7)	908,155	12	538,865	7
Inventories (Notes 4 and 8)	452,989	6	268,461	4
Prepayments	28,238	-	23,712	-
Other current financial assets - current (Notes 4 and 9)	63,529	1	56,612	1
Other current assets (Notes 4, 13 and 20)	<u>1,531</u>		1,289	
Total current assets	3,709,630	48	4,416,910	61
NON-CURRENT ASSETS				
Property, plant and equipment (Notes 4, 10 and 22)	3,893,005	50	2,700,704	38
Right-of-use assets (Notes 3, 4, 11 and 22)	37,074	-	-	-
Intangible assets (Notes 4, 12, 22 and 25)	53,864	1	51,080	1
Deferred income tax assets (Notes 4 and 20)	49,716	1	21,640	-
Other non-current assets (Notes 4, 13 and 26)	10,222		5,596	
Total non-current assets	4,043,881	52	2,779,020	<u>39</u>
TOTAL	<u>\$ 7,753,511</u>	100	<u>\$ 7,195,930</u>	<u>100</u>
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY				
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ 282,374	4	\$ 183,918	3
Payables to related parties (Note 25)	-	-	5,443	-
Other payables (Notes 14 and 22)	774,337	10	643,509	9
Current tax liabilities (Notes 4 and 20)	110,241	2	130,824	2
Provisions (Notes 4 and 15) Lease liabilities - current (Notes 3, 4, 11 and 22)	97,922 15,183	1	72,379	1
Other current liabilities (Notes 4, 18 and 25)	7,540	_	7,981	_
Other current habilities (Notes 4, 18 and 23)		<u> </u>	7,901	
Total current liabilities	1,287,597	<u>17</u>	1,044,054	<u>15</u>
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Deferred income tax liabilities (Notes 4 and 20)	-	-	816	-
Lease liabilities - non-current (Notes 3, 4, 11 and 22)	22,003		_	
Total non-current liabilities	22,003	_	816	
Total liabilities	1,309,600	<u>17</u>	1,044,870	<u>15</u>
EQUITY (Notes 3 and 17)				
Ordinary shares	327,890	4	327,890	4
Additional paid-in capital	<u>3,926,471</u>	51	3,926,471	<u>4</u> <u>55</u>
Retained earnings	200.070	•	200 455	
Legal reserve	280,059	3	208,457	3
Special reserve Unappropriated earnings	2,905 	<u>25</u>	3,168 	- 23
Total retained earnings	$\frac{1,912,721}{2,195,685}$	28	1,899,604	23 26
Other equity	(6,135)		(2,905)	
Total equity	6,443,911	83	6,151,060	<u>85</u>
TOTAL	<u>\$ 7,753,511</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 7,195,930</u>	<u>100</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	2019		2018		
	Amount	%	Amount	%	
NET REVENUE (Notes 4, 18 and 30)	\$ 3,386,538	100	\$ 3,279,030	100	
OPERATING COSTS (Notes 8, 19 and 25)	1,587,361	47	1,532,466	<u>47</u>	
GROSS PROFIT	1,799,177	53	1,746,564	53	
OPERATING EXPENSES (Notes 19 and 25) Marketing General and administrative Research and development	162,760 195,379 570,389	5 5 <u>17</u>	137,310 186,857 523,873	4 6 <u>16</u>	
Total operating expenses	928,528	27	848,040	<u>26</u>	
OTHER INCOME AND EXPENSES (Note 19)	(626)		(3)		
INCOME FROM OPERATIONS	870,023	26	898,521	27	
NON-OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES (Note 25) Other gains and losses (Note 19) Interest expense (Notes 4 and 25) Interest income (Note 4) Other income (Note 19) Impairment loss (Notes 10 and 19) Total non-operating income and expenses	(8,956) (993) 12,875 5,157 (89,207) (81,124)	- - - (3) _(3)	2,347 - 15,305 1,799 - - 19,451	- - 1 - - -	
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX	788,899	23	917,972	28	
INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Note 4 and 20)	163,735	5	201,948	6	
NET INCOME	625,164	<u>18</u>	716,024	22	
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS) INCOME Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: Exchange differences on translating the financial statements of foreign operations	(3,230)		263		
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	<u>\$ 621,934</u>	<u>18</u>	\$ 716,287 (Co	22 ontinued)	

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	2019		2018	
	Amount	%	Amount	%
EARNINGS PER SHARE (Note 21)				
Basic	<u>\$ 19.07</u>		<u>\$ 21.84</u>	
Diluted	\$ 19.01		\$ 21.71	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

(Concluded)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Dividends Per Share)

	Ordinary Sha Shares (In Thousands)	res (Note 17) Amount	Additional Paid-in Capital (Notes 17)	Legal Reserve	Retained Earning Special Reserve	s (Notes 3 and 17) Unappropriated Earnings	Total	Other Equity (Note 17) Exchange Differences on Translating the Financial Statements of Foreign Operations	Total Equity
BALANCE AT JANUARY 1, 2018	32,789	\$ 327,890	\$ 3,926,471	\$ 134,820	\$ 85	\$ 1,376,565	\$ 1,511,470	\$ (3,168)	\$ 5,762,663
Appropriation of 2017 earnings Legal reserve Special reserve Cash dividends to shareholders - NT\$10.0 per share	- - -	- - -	- - -	73,637	3,083	(73,637) (3,083) (327,890)	(327,890)	- - -	(327,890)
Net income for the year ended December 31, 2018	-	-	-	-	-	716,024	716,024	-	716,024
Other comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2018	_			<u> </u>	-	<u>-</u>		<u> 263</u>	263
Total comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2018	-					716,024	716,024	<u>263</u>	716,287
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2018	32,789	327,890	3,926,471	208,457	3,168	1,687,979	1,899,604	(2,905)	6,151,060
Effect of retrospective application	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>	_	(1,193)	(1,193)	_	(1,193)
BALANCE AT JANUARY 1, 2019 AS RESTATED	32,789	327,890	3,926,471	208,457	3,168	1,686,786	1,898,411	(2,905)	6,149,867
Appropriation of 2018 earnings Legal reserve Special reserve Cash dividends to shareholders - NT\$10.0 per share	- - -	- - -	- - -	71,602	(263)	(71,602) 263 (327,890)	(327,890)	- - -	(327,890)
Net income for the year ended December 31, 2019	-	-	-	-	-	625,164	625,164	-	625,164
Other comprehensive loss for the year ended December 31, 2019	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(3,230)	(3,230)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2019	_	_		_	_	625,164	625,164	(3,230)	621,934
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2019	32,789	\$ 327,890	<u>\$ 3,926,471</u>	<u>\$ 280,059</u>	<u>\$ 2,905</u>	<u>\$ 1,912,721</u>	\$ 2,195,685	<u>\$ (6,135)</u>	\$ 6,443,911

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

		2019		2018
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Income before income tax	\$	788,899	\$	917,972
Adjustments to reconcile income before income tax to net cash	_		_	2 - 1 ,2
generated from operating activities:				
Depreciation		253,240		193,861
Amortization		28,981		24,912
Expected credit loss recognized		43		260
Interest expense		993		_
Interest income		(12,875)		(15,305)
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment, net		626		3
Write-downs of inventories		2,757		6,119
Impairment loss recognized on property, plant and equipment		89,207		_
Loss (gain) on foreign currency exchange, net		3,384		(1,039)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
Decrease (increase) in:				
Accounts receivable		(369,333)		(87,957)
Inventories		(187,285)		(37,783)
Prepayments		(6,171)		416
Other current assets		(480)		(236)
Increase (decrease) in:				
Accounts payable		98,456		17,139
Payables to related parties		(5,443)		5,255
Other payables		11,317		24,148
Provisions		25,543		(881)
Other current liabilities		(441)		2,256
Cash generated from operations		721,418		1,049,140
Interest paid		(993)		-
Income tax paid		(213,281)		(187,582)
Net cash generated from operating activities		507,144		861,558
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Payments for property, plant and equipment	((1,393,753)		(722,581)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		95		_
Payments for intangible assets		(33,265)		(23,987)
Acquisition of time deposits with original maturities of more than three				
months		(7,295)		(435)
Increase in other non-current assets		(4,626)		(1,427)
Interest received		13,184		15,322
Net cash used in investing activities	((1,425,660)		(733,108) (Continued)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2019	2018
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Cash dividends Repayment of the principal portion of lease liabilities	\$ (327,890) (21,562)	\$ (327,890)
Net cash used in financing activities	(349,452)	(327,890)
EFFECTS OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(4,815)	1,337
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(1,272,783)	(198,103)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	3,527,971	3,726,074
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF THE YEAR	\$ 2,255,188	\$ 3,527,971
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial st	tatements.	(Concluded)

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors and Shareholders Chunghwa Precision Test Tech. Co., Ltd.

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Chunghwa Precision Test Co., Ltd. (the "Company") which comprise the balance sheets as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and the notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies (collectively referred to as the "financial statements).

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with The Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2019. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

The key audit matter identified in the Company's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2019 is as follows:

Revenue Recognition

Since a large number of inventories are stored at third-party storage facilities and the amount is significant, there may be a risk of revenue recognition in the incorrect period. When inventories stored at third-party facilities satisfy the performance obligation and are transferred to customers at different times, revenue recognized towards the end of the year may involve a higher risk of not being recorded in the correct period, thereby affecting the appropriateness of the cutoff of revenue recognition.

We thus performed the following audit procedures, including sampling from shipping orders before the end of the year and details of revenue accounts in the beginning of the following year and inspecting external evidences and relevant documents to ensure that revenues are recognized in the correct period. For inventories located at third-party storage facilities with significant amounts, we verified the accuracy of their number by sending external confirmations or by performing physical inventory. We also verified whether the inventories located at third-party storage facilities satisfied the performance obligation and were transferred to customers when revenues were recognized.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including the audit committee are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our

conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of entities or business activities within the Company to express an opinion on the financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision, and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2019 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partners on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report are Dien Sheng Chang and Ching Pin Shih.

Deloitte & Touche Taipei, Taiwan Republic of China

February 12, 2020

Notice to Readers

The accompanying financial statements are intended only to present the financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such financial statements are those generally applied in the Republic of China.

For the convenience of readers, the independent auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language independent auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.

BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2019		2018	
ASSETS	Amount	%	Amount	%
CURRENT ASSETS	¢ 2 192 552	20	ф. 2.400.170	40
Cash and cash equivalents (Notes 4 and 6)	\$ 2,183,553	28	\$ 3,498,170	49
Accounts receivable, net (Notes 4 and 7)	908,085	12	538,865	7
Receivable from related parties (Notes 23 and 26) Inventories (Notes 4 and 8)	12,531 452,989	6	268,461	4
Prepayments	23,911	O	208,461 17,475	4
Other current financial assets - current (Notes 4 and 9)	50,000	1	50,000	1
Other current assets (Notes 4, 14 and 21)	1,352	_	1,204	_
Other current assets (Notes 4, 14 and 21)	1,552		1,204	
Total current assets	3,632,421	<u>47</u>	4,374,175	<u>61</u>
NON-CURRENT ASSETS				
Investments accounted for using equity method (Notes 3, 4 and 10)	111,401	1	70,272	1
Property, plant and equipment (Notes 4, 11, 23 and 26)	3,861,892	50	2,675,814	37
Right-of-use assets (Notes 3, 4, 12, 23 and 26)	4,422	-	2,075,011	-
Intangible assets (Notes 4, 13, 23 and 26)	53,422	1	50,564	1
Deferred income tax assets (Notes 4 and 21)	49,716	1	21,640	_
Other non-current assets (Notes 4, 14 and 27)	6,901	_	3,200	_
Other hon-eutrent assets (Notes 4, 14 and 27)			3,200	
Total non-current assets	4,087,754	53	2,821,490	<u>39</u>
TOTAL	<u>\$ 7,720,175</u>	<u>100</u>	\$ 7,195,665	<u>100</u>
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY				
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ 282,374	4	\$ 183,918	3
Payables to related parties (Note 26)	6,252	_	11,400	-
Other payables (Notes 15 and 23)	767,518	10	637,361	9
Current tax liabilities (Notes 4 and 21)	110,213	2	130,770	2
Provisions (Notes 4 and 16)	97,922	1		1
Lease liabilities - current (Notes 3, 4, 12, 23 and 26)	2,850	1	72,379	1
Other current liabilities (Notes 4, 19 and 26)	7,38 <u>5</u>	-		-
Other current madritues (Notes 4, 19 and 20)		_	7,901	_
Total current liabilities	1,274,514	<u>17</u>	1,043,789	<u>15</u>
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Deferred income tax liabilities (Notes 4 and 21)	_	_	816	_
Lease liabilities - non-current (Notes 3, 4, 12, 23 and 26)	1,750			
Total non-current liabilities	1,750		816	
Total liabilities	1,276,264	<u>17</u>	1,044,605	<u>15</u>
EQUITY (Notes 3 and 18)				
Ordinary shares	327,890	4	327,890	4
Additional paid-in capital	3,926,471	51	3,926,471	<u>4</u> <u>55</u>
Retained earnings				
Legal reserve	280,059	3	208,457	3
Special reserve	2,905	-	3,168	-
Unappropriated earnings	1,912,721	<u>25</u>	1,687,979	23
Total retained earnings	2,195,685	28	1,899,604	26
Other equity	(6,135)		(2,905)	
Total equity	6,443,911	83	6,151,060	<u>85</u>
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
TOTAL	<u>\$ 7,720,175</u>	100	<u>\$ 7,195,665</u>	100

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	2019		2018	
	Amount	%	Amount	%
NET REVENUE (Notes 4 and 19)	\$ 3,386,154	100	\$ 3,278,968	100
OPERATING COSTS (Notes 8, 20 and 26)	1,587,365	<u>47</u>	1,532,466	<u>47</u>
GROSS PROFIT	1,798,789	<u>53</u>	1,746,502	<u>53</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES (Notes 20 and 26)				
Marketing	126,271	4	108,662	3
General and administrative	187,078	5	180,665	6
Research and development	603,438	<u>18</u>	558,151	<u>17</u>
Total operating expenses	916,787	<u>27</u>	847,478	<u>26</u>
OTHER INCOME AND EXPENSES (Note 20)	2,941		(3)	
INCOME FROM OPERATIONS	884,943	<u>26</u>	899,021	<u>27</u>
NON-OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES (Note 26)				
Other gains and losses (Note 20)	(7,826)	_	2,831	_
Interest expense (Notes 4 and 26)	(116)	_	-	_
Share of losses of subsidiaries (Note 10)	(16,835)	_	(1,781)	_
Interest income (Note 4)	12,199	_	15,191	1
Other income (Note 20)	5,131	-	1,760	_
Impairment loss (Notes 11 and 20)	(89,207)	<u>(3</u>)	_	
Total non-operating income and expenses	(96,654)	<u>(3</u>)	18,001	1
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX	788,289	23	917,022	28
INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Notes 4 and 21)	163,125	5	200,998	6
NET INCOME	625,164	<u>18</u>	716,024	22
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS) INCOME Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:				
Exchange differences on translating the financial statements of foreign operations	(3,230)		263	
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	<u>\$ 621,934</u>	<u>18</u>	\$ 716,287	
			(Coı	ntinued)

STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	2019		2018	
	Amount	%	Amount	%
EARNINGS PER SHARE (Note 22)				
Basic	<u>\$ 19.07</u>		<u>\$ 21.84</u>	
Diluted	<u>\$ 19.01</u>		<u>\$ 21.71</u>	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

(Concluded)

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Dividends Per Share)

	Ordinary Sha Shares (In Thousands)	res (Note 18) Amount	Additional Paid-in Capital (Note 18)	Legal Reserve	Retained Earning Special Reserve	s (Notes 3 and 18) Unappropriated Earnings	Total	Other Equity (Note 18) Exchange Differences on Translating the Financial Statements of Foreign Operations	Total Equity
BALANCE AT JANUARY 1, 2018	32,789	\$ 327,890	\$ 3,926,471	\$ 134,820	\$ 85	\$ 1,376,565	\$ 1,511,470	\$ (3,168)	\$ 5,762,663
Appropriation of 2017 earnings Legal reserve Special reserve Cash dividends to shareholders - NT\$10.0 per share	- - -	- - -	- - -	73,637 - -	3,083	(73,637) (3,083) (327,890)	(327,890)	- - -	(327,890)
Net income for the year ended December 31, 2018	-	-	-	-	-	716,024	716,024	-	716,024
Other comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2018	<u>-</u> _	_	_	_	_		-	<u>263</u>	263
Total comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2018	_					716,024	716,024	<u>263</u>	716,287
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2018	32,789	327,890	3,926,471	208,457	3,168	1,687,979	1,899,604	(2,905)	6,151,060
Effect of retrospective application						(1,193)	(1,193)		(1,193)
BALANCE AT JANUARY 1, 2019 AS RESTATED	32,789	327,890	3,926,471	208,457	3,168	1,686,786	1,898,411	(2,905)	6,149,867
Appropriation of 2018 earnings Legal reserve Special reserve Cash dividends to shareholders - NT\$10.0 per share	- - -	- - -	- - -	71,602	(263)	(71,602) 263 (327,890)	(327,890)	- - -	(327,890)
Net income for the year ended December 31, 2019	-	-	-	-	-	625,164	625,164	-	625,164
Other comprehensive loss for the year ended December 31, 2019	<u> </u>							(3,230)	(3,230)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2019	-	_		_		625,164	625,164	(3,230)	621,934
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2019	32,789	\$ 327,890	\$ 3,926,471	\$ 280,059	\$ 2,905	<u>\$ 1,912,721</u>	\$ 2,195,685	<u>\$ (6,135)</u>	\$ 6,443,911

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2019	2018
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Income before income tax	\$ 788,289	\$ 917,022
Adjustments to reconcile income before income tax to net cash	ф , со, 2 с	ψ >11,0 = 2
generated from operating activities:		
Depreciation	228,768	183,197
Amortization	28,927	24,881
Expected credit loss recognized	43	260
Interest expense	116	
Interest income	(12,199)	(15,191)
Share of losses of subsidiaries	16,835	1,781
(Gain) loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment, net	(2,941)	3
Write-downs of inventories	2,757	6,119
Impairment loss recognized on property, plant and equipment	89,207	-
Loss (gain) on foreign currency exchange, net	3,004	(839)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	,	,
Decrease (increase) in:		
Accounts receivable	(369,263)	(88,065)
Receivables from related parties	178	-
Inventories	(187,285)	(37,783)
Prepayments	(6,436)	15
Other current assets	(457)	(218)
Increase (decrease) in:	, ,	, ,
Accounts payable	98,456	17,139
Payables to related parties	(5,148)	5,556
Other payables	10,646	22,592
Provisions	25,543	(881)
Other current liabilities	(576)	2,324
Cash generated from operations	708,464	1,037,912
Interest paid	(116)	-
Income tax paid	(212,574)	(186,920)
Net cash generated from operating activities	495,774	850,992
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Acquisition of investments accounted for using equity method	(62,340)	-
Payments for property, plant and equipment	(1,385,481)	(721,740)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	95	-
Payments for intangible assets	(33,265)	(23,484)
Increase in other non-current assets	(3,701)	(451)
Interest received	12,508	15,208
Net cash used in investing activities	(1,472,184)	(730,467) (Continued)

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND 2018 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2019	2018
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Cash dividends Repayment of the principal portion of lease liabilities	\$ (327,890) (7,311)	\$ (327,890)
Net cash used in financing activities	(335,201)	(327,890)
EFFECTS OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(3,006)	839
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(1,314,617)	(206,526)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	3,498,170	<u>3,704,696</u>
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF THE YEAR	\$ 2,183,553	\$ 3,498,170
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.		(Concluded)

Chunghwa Precision Test Tech. Co., Ltd.

Comparison Table for "Rules of the Procedures for Shareholders Meetings" Before and After Revision

After the Revision	Before the Revision	Explanatory Notes
Article 4	Article 4	A. The first
Agendas that involve election or dismissal	Agendas that involve the election or	paragraph is
of directors, changes to the Articles of	dismissal of directors, changes to the	amended in
Incorporation, reduction of capital,	Articles of Incorporation, corporate	accordance
application for the approval of ceasing its	liquidation, mergers, divestment, or any	with
status as a public company, approval of	matters listed in Paragraph 1, Article 185	Paragraph 5,
competing with the company by directors,	of the Company Act or Article 26-1 or	Article 172
surplus profit distributed in the form of	Article 43-6 of the Securities and	of the
new shares, reserve distributed in the	Exchange Act must be listed in the regular	Company
form of new shares, corporate liquidation,	agenda items and cannot be raised through	
merger, divestment, or any matters listed	special motions.	B. Paragraph
in Paragraph 1, Article 185 of the		two is added
Company Act, Article 43-6 of the		in
Securities and Exchange Act, and Article		accordance
56-1 and 60-2 of the Regulations		with
Governing the Offering and Issuance of		Jing-Shang-
Securities by Securities Issuers must be		Zi Letter No. 10702
listed and the main content must be		417500
described in the regular agenda items and cannot be raised through special motions.		dated Aug.
The essential contents may be posted on		6, 2018.
the website designated by the competent		0, 2016.
authority in charge of securities affairs or		
the company, and such website shall be		
indicated in the above notice.		
Matters including the accession date		
regarding the election of directors shall be		
listed in the agenda of the shareholders		
meeting. After the election at the		
shareholders meeting, there shall be no		
changes to the assumed office date by		
special motions or other means.		
Article 6	Article 6	A. Partially
Shareholders that own more than 1% of	Shareholders that own more than 1% of	amended in
the Company's outstanding shares are	the Company's outstanding shares are	accordance
entitled to propose agenda items for	entitled to propose, <u>in writing</u> , agenda	with
discussion in annual general meetings,	items for discussion in annual general	Paragraph 5,
provided that each shareholder may only	meetingsEach shareholder may only	Article 172
propose one (1) agenda item. Proposals	propose one (1) agenda item. Proposals	of the
above that limit will be excluded from	above that limit will be excluded from	Company
discussion.	discussion. The Board of Directors may	Act.
Matters proposed for urging a company to		B. Amended in
promote public interests or fulfill its	proposed agenda items exhibit any of the	accordance with
social responsibilities may still be	conditions described in Paragraph 4,	
included in the list of proposals to be	Article 172-1 of The Company Act.	Paragraph 2,

After the Revision	Before the Revision	Explanatory Notes
discussed at a regular meeting of the shareholders by the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors may disregard shareholders' proposals if the proposed agenda items exhibit any of the conditions described in Paragraph 4, Article 172-1 of The Company Act. The Company Shall announce, before the book closure date of the annual general meeting, the acceptance of proposals in writing or by way of electronic transmission, the places, and times within which shareholders' proposals are accepted. The timing of acceptance must not be less than 10 days. Shareholders shall limit their proposed agenda items to 300 words only. Proposals that exceed 300 words will not be accepted for discussion. Shareholders who have successfully proposed their agenda items shall attend the annual general meeting in person or through proxy attendance and participate in the discussion. The Company shall notify each proposing shareholder of the outcomes of their proposed agenda items before the date when the meeting advice is sent. Meanwhile, agenda items that satisfy the conditions listed in this Article shall be included as part of the meeting advice. During the shareholders meeting, the Board of Directors shall explain the reasons why certain proposed agenda items are excluded from the discussion.	The Company shall announce, before the book closure date of the annual general meeting, the conditions, places, and times within which the shareholders' proposals are accepted. The timing of acceptance must not be less than 10 days. Shareholders shall limit their proposed agenda items to 300 words only. Proposals that exceed 300 words will not be accepted for discussion. Shareholders who have successfully proposed their agenda items shall attend the annual general meeting in person or through proxy attendance and participate in the discussion. The Company shall notify each proposing shareholder of the outcomes of their proposed agenda items before the date when the meeting advice is sent. Meanwhile, agenda items that satisfy the conditions listed in this Article shall be included as part of the meeting advice. During the shareholders meeting, the Board of Directors shall explain the reasons why certain proposed agenda items are excluded from the discussion.	Article 172-1 of the Company Act.
Article 12 If the shareholders meeting is convened by the Board of Directors, the Board of Directors will determine the meeting proceedings, and motions (including special motions or amended motions) shall be passed one at a time. The meeting shall be carried out as the prescribed proceeding, and the proceeding cannot be changed unless resolved during the shareholders meeting. The above rule also applies if the shareholders meeting is convened by any authorized party other than the Board of Directors.	Article 12 If the shareholders meeting is convened by the Board of Directors, the Board of Directors will determine the meeting proceeding. The meeting shall be carried out as the prescribed proceeding, and the proceeding cannot be changed unless resolved during the shareholders meeting. The above rule also applies if the shareholders meeting is convened by any authorized party other than the Board of Directors. In either of the two situations described	In line with the adopting of full-scale electronic voting by listed companies since 2018, and implementing the concept of case-by-case voting, the first paragraph is amended.

In either of the two situations described above, the chairperson cannot dismiss the meeting while an agenda item (including special motion) is still in progress. If the chairperson violates the conference rules by dismissing the meeting when not allowed to do so, other members of the board shall immediately assist the attending shareholders in electing another chairperson that has the support of more than half the voting rights represented to continue the meeting. Article 13 Shareholders who wish to speak during the meeting must produce an opinion slip detailing the topic, shareholder ID (or the attendance ID serial), and shareholders' comments shall be determined by the chairperson. Shareholders who submit an opinion slip without actually speaking are considered to have remained silent. If the shareholder is speaking, other Before the Revision Bove, the chairperson cannot dismiss the meeting while an agenda item (including special motion) is still in progress. If the chairperson violates the conference rules by dismissing the meeting when not allowed to do so, other members of the board shall immediately assist the attending shareholders in electing another chairperson that has the support of more than half the voting rights represented to continue the meeting. Article 13 Shareholders who wish to speak during the meeting must produce an opinion slip detailing the topic, shareholder's name. The order of shareholders' comments shall be determined by the chairperson. Shareholders who submit an opinion slip without actually speaking are considered to have remained silent. If the shareholder's actual comments differ from those stated in the opinion slip, the actual comments expressed shall prevail. While a shareholder is speaking, other
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those stated in the opinion slip, the actual comments expressed shall prevail. those stated in the opinion slip, the actual comments expressed shall prevail. affecting the shareholders'
comments expressed shall prevail. comments expressed shall prevail. shareholders'
Trime a shareholder is speaking, other trime a shareholder is speaking, other textense of
shareholders cannot speak simultaneously shareholders cannot speak simultaneously voting rights
or interfere in any way unless agreed or interfere in any way unless agreed upon due to an
upon by the chairperson. The chairperson by the chairperson. The chairperson shall insufficient
shall restrain any violators of the above restrain any violators of the above rule. voting time of
rule. Each shareholder shall speak for no more the
Each shareholder shall speak for no more than two times, for 5 minutes each, on the shareholders
than two times, for 5 minutes each, on the same agenda item unless otherwise agreed
same agenda item unless otherwise agreed by the chairperson. The chairperson may
by the chairperson. The chairperson may stop shareholders from speaking if they
stop shareholders from speaking if they violate any terms of the policy or speak
violate any terms of the policy or speak outside the discussed agenda item.
outside the discussed agenda item. Where a corporate shareholder has appointed two or more representatives to
Where a corporate shareholder has appointed two or more representatives to attend the shareholders meeting, only one
attend the shareholders meeting, only one representative may speak per agenda item.
representative may speak per agenda item. For any agenda items, amendments, or
For any agenda items, amendments or special motions proposed during the
special motions proposed during the special motions proposed during the meeting, the chairperson shall allow
meeting, the chairperson shall allow ample opportunity during the meeting for
ample opportunity during the meeting for explanation and discussion of proposals
explanation and discussion of proposals and may announce to discontinue further
and may announce to discontinue further discussions if the issue in question is
discussions if the issue in question is considered to have been sufficiently

After the Revision	Before the Revision	Explanatory Notes
considered to have been sufficiently	discussed to proceed with voting.	
discussed to proceed with voting, and	After a shareholder has finished speaking,	
arrange an appropriate voting time.	the chairperson may answer the	
After a shareholder has finished speaking,	shareholder's queries personally or	
the chairperson may answer the	appoint any relevant personnel to do so.	
shareholder's queries personally or		
appoint any relevant personnel to do so.		
Article 17	Article 17	In line with the
Voting rights shall be exercised by	Voting rights can be exercised in writing	adopting of
electronic means and may adopt the	or using the electronic method.	full-scale
exercise of voting rights by	Instructions for exercising voting rights in	electronic
correspondence. Instructions for	writing or using the electronic form must	voting by
exercising voting rights in writing or	be clearly stated on the shareholders	listed
using the electronic form must be clearly	meeting advice. Shareholders who have	companies
stated on the shareholders meeting advice.	voted in writing or using the electronic	since 2018, the
Shareholders who have voted in writing	method are considered to have attended	first paragraph
or using the electronic method are	the shareholders meeting in person.	is amended.
considered to have attended the	However, they are considered to have	
shareholders meeting in person. However,	waived their rights to participate in any	
they are considered to have waived their	special motions or amendments to the	
rights to participate in any special motions	, -	
or amendments to the original agenda	during the shareholders meeting. For this	
items that may arise during the	reason, the Company should avoid	
shareholders meeting. For this reason, the	proposing special motions and	
Company should avoid proposing special	amendment to the original agenda items	
motions and amendment to the original	where possible.	
agenda items where possible.	Instructions to exercise written and	
Instructions to exercise written and	electronic votes must be delivered to the	
electronic votes must be delivered to the	Company at least 2 days before the	
Company at least 2 days before the	shareholders' meeting. In the event where	
shareholders' meeting. In the event where	there are duplicate submissions, the	
there are duplicate submissions, the	earliest submission shall be taken into the	
earliest submission shall be taken into the	record, unless the shareholder has issued	
record, unless the shareholder has issued	an official declaration to withdraw the	
an official declaration to withdraw the	previous vote.	
previous vote.		
Shareholders who wish to attend the	Shareholders who wish to attend the	
shareholders meeting in person after	shareholders meeting in person after	
exercising their voting rights in writing or	exercising their voting rights in writing or	
using electronic methods are required to	using electronic methods are required to	
withdraw their votes using the same	withdraw their votes using the same	
method by which the vote was cast in the	method by which the vote was cast in the	
first place, and no later than two days	first place, and no later than two days	
before the day of the shareholders	before the day of the shareholders	
meeting. The written/electronic vote shall	meeting. The written/electronic vote shall	
prevail if it is not withdrawn before the cutoff time. If the shareholder has	prevail if it is not withdrawn before the cutoff time. If the shareholder has	
exercised written or electronic votes and	exercised written or electronic votes and	
at the same time delegated a proxy to		
attend the shareholders meeting, then the	at the same time delegated a proxy to	
attend the shareholders meeting, then the	attend the shareholders meeting, then the	

After the Revision	Before the Revision	Explanatory Notes
voting decision exercised by the proxy	voting decision exercised by the proxy	
shall prevail.	shall prevail.	
Article 19	Article 19	Paragraph two
Shareholders meeting resolutions shall be	Shareholders meeting resolutions shall be	is amended in
compiled into detailed minutes, and	compiled into detailed minutes, and	accordance
signed or sealed by the chairperson, and	signed or sealed by the chairperson, and	with the
disseminated to each shareholder no later	disseminated to each shareholder no later	implementatio
than 20 days after the meeting.	than 20 days after the meeting.	n of the
The minutes shall detail the date and	The minutes shall detail the date and	concept of
venue of the meeting, the chairperson's	venue of the meeting, the chairperson's	case-by-case
name, the method of resolution, the	name, the method of resolution, the	voting, and in
proceeding and voting results (including	proceedings, and results of various	reference to
<u>calculation of the voting shares</u>) of	meeting agenda items. These minutes	the
various meeting agenda items. <u>In cases of</u>	must be retained for as long as the	suggestions
director elections, the number of the	Company exists.	provided by
voting shares of director candidates shall		the Asian
be revealed. These minutes must be		Corporate
retained for as long as the Company	Preparation and distribution of meeting	Governance
exists.	minutes can be made in an electronic	Association.
Preparation and distribution of meeting	form.	
minutes can be made in an electronic	The Company may disseminate meeting	
form.	minutes by posting details onto MOPS.	
The Company may disseminate meeting	The Company shall record non-stop, in	
minutes by posting details onto MOPS.	audio or video, from the time admission is	
The Company shall record non-stop, in	accepted and throughout the entire	
audio or video, from the time admission is	meeting proceedings, voting, and vote	
accepted and throughout the entire	counting. These recordings need to be	
meeting proceedings, voting, and vote	maintained for at least one year. However,	
counting. These recordings need to be	if a shareholder raises a litigious claim	
	against the Company according to Article	
if a shareholder raises a litigious claim	189 of The Company Act, the	
against the Company according to Article	abovementioned documents must be	
189 of The Company Act, the	retained until the end of the litigation.	
abovementioned documents must be		
retained until the end of the litigation. Article 23	Antiala 22	Addad data
	Article 23 These rules shall take effect immediately	Added date and number of
These rules shall take effect immediately once approved during the shareholders	once approved during the shareholders	and number of amendments.
meeting. The same applies to all	meeting. The same applies to all	amenuments.
subsequent revisions. The rules were first	subsequent revisions. The rules were first	
established on June 23, 2007. The 1st	established on June 23, 2007. The 1st	
amendment was made on May 21, 2010.	amendment was made on May 21, 2010.	
The 2nd amendment was made on	The 2nd amendment was made on	
December 31, 2014. The 3rd amendment	December 31, 2014, and the 3rd	
was made on June 8, 2016, and the 4th	amendment was made on June 8, 2016.	
amendment was made on June 3, 2020.	mas made on valle o, 2010.	
unchament was made on June 3, 2020.		

Comparison Table for "Third Party Lending, Endorsements, and Guarantee Procedures" Before and After Revision

After the Revision	Before the Revision	Explanatory Notes
Article 1	Article 1	As provided in Article 2
The Company formulated these	The Company formulated these	of the "Regulations
"Third Party Lending,	"Third Party Lending,	Governing the Loaning of
Endorsements, and Guarantee		Funds and Making of
Procedures" in accordance with the	Procedures" in accordance with the	Endorsements/Guarantees
"Regulations Governing the	"Regulations Governing the	by Public Companies"
Loaning of Funds and Making of	Loaning of Funds and Making of	(hereinafter referred to as
1	Endorsements/Guarantees by Public	"these Regulations"),
Companies" (hereinafter referred to	Companies" (hereinafter referred to	"laws or regulations"
as "these Regulations") regulated	as "these Regulations") regulated by	
by the Financial Supervisory	the Financial Supervisory	prevailing laws and
Commission (hereinafter referred to as the "FSC"). Matters regarding	Commission (hereinafter referred to as the "FSC"). Matters regarding	regulations governing the loaning of funds and
the Company's lending to others or	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	making of
providing endorsements and/or	providing endorsements and/or	endorsements/guarantees
guarantees to outside parties shall	guarantees to outside parties shall	by public companies of
be handled in accordance with these		the industries, including
Procedures.	Procedures, provided that where	banking, insurance, bills,
Any other matters not set forth in	laws or regulations provide	securities, and futures.
these Procedures shall be dealt with	otherwise, such provisions shall	·
in accordance with the applicable	govern.	
laws, rules, and regulations.		
Article 2	Article 2	Amendments which are
Where the Company's financial	Where the Company's financial	made taking into account
reports are prepared according to	reports are prepared according to	the loaning of funds
the International Financial		and/or
		endorsements/guarantees
these Procedures means the balance		are not considered
sheet equity attributable to the	sheet equity attributable to the owners of the parent company under	transactions in
owners of the parent company under the Regulations Governing	the Regulations Governing the	of these Regulations.
the Preparation of Financial Reports	e e	of these Regulations.
by Securities Issuers.	Securities Issuers.	
"Subsidiary" and "parent company"	"Subsidiary" and "parent company"	
as referred to in these Procedures	as referred to in these Procedures	
shall be as determined under the	shall be as determined under the	
Regulations Governing the	Regulations Governing the	
Preparation of Financial Reports by	Preparation of Financial Reports by	
Securities Issuers.	Securities Issuers.	
"Date of occurrence" in these	"Date of occurrence" in these	
Procedures means the date of	Regulations means the date of	
contract signing, date of payment,	transaction contract signing, date of	
dates of boards of directors	payment, dates of boards of	
resolutions, or other dates that can	directors resolutions, or other dates	
confirm the counterparty and	that can confirm the <u>transaction</u>	
monetary amount of the loan of	counterparty and monetary amount	

After the Revision	Before the Revision	Explanatory Notes
funds or endorsements/guarantees,	of the transaction, whichever date is	Zipinimorj 110105
whichever date is earlier.	earlier.	
The term "announce and report" as	The term "announce and report" as	
used in these Procedures means the	used in these Procedures means the	
process of entering data onto the	process of entering data onto the	
information reporting website	information reporting website	
designated by the Financial	designated by the Financial	
Supervisory Commission (FSC).	Supervisory Commission (FSC).	
Article 3	Article 3	Paragraph 3, the
The borrowers of the Company's	The borrowers of the Company's	definition of financing
funds shall be restricted to:	funds shall be restricted to:	amount, has been added
1. A company with which it does	1. A company with which it does	pursuant to Article 3 of
business, or	business, or	these Regulations.
2. A company in need of short-term	2. A company in need of short-term	Paragraph 4, lending to
financing.	financing.	companies that have a
_	The term "short-term" as used in the	-
preceding paragraph means up to	preceding paragraph means up to	financing facilities, has
one year.	one year.	also been amended.
The term "financing amount" as	3 7	
used in the preceding paragraph		
means the cumulative balance of the	Lending to companies that have	
public company's short-term	business transactions with the	
financing.	Company shall be limited to	
Lending to companies that have	situations where the companies	
business transaction with the	need those funds for operational	
Company shall be limited to	purposes. Lending to companies	
situations where the companies	that have a need for short-term	
need those funds for operational	financing facilities shall be limited	
purposes. Lending to companies	to subsidiaries of the Company in	
that have a need for short-term	which the Company directly or	
financing facilities shall be limited	indirectly holds more than <u>fifty</u> (50)	
to subsidiaries of the Company in	percent of the voting stock.	
which the Company directly or	<u> </u>	
indirectly holds more than <u>ninety</u>		
(90) percent of the voting stock.		
Article 4	Article 4	Article 3 is amended in
The total amount for lending and	The total amount for lending and	accordance with Article 3
the maximum amount available to	the maximum amount available to	of these Regulations.
each company:	each company:	Loans from overseas
1. The amount of lending to each	1. The amount of lending to each	companies in which the
company with which the	company, with which the	Company holds directly
Company does business shall	Company does business, shall	or indirectly one hundred
not exceed the cumulative	not exceed the cumulative	(100) percent of the
amount of the sales transactions	amount of sales transactions	voting shares to the
(amount of sales transaction	(amount of sales transaction	Company shall not be
refers to the higher of the	refers to the higher of the	subject to the 40% limit
amount of sales or purchases)	amount of sales or purchases)	of the Company's net
within 12 months before the	within twelve (12) months	worth or the loan period
lending, and the amount of	before the lending, and the	of one (1) year. The total
lending shall not exceed five	amount of lending shall not	amount of loans and
(5) percent of the Company's	exceed ten (10) percent of the	limitations to each
1. The amount of lending to each company with which the Company does business shall not exceed the cumulative amount of the sales transactions (amount of sales transaction refers to the higher of the amount of sales or purchases) within 12 months before the lending, and the amount of lending shall not exceed five	1. The amount of lending to each company, with which the Company does business, shall not exceed the cumulative amount of sales transactions (amount of sales transaction refers to the higher of the amount of sales or purchases) within twelve (12) months before the lending, and the amount of lending shall not	companies in which the Company holds directly or indirectly one hundred (100) percent of the voting shares to the Company shall not be subject to the 40% limit of the Company's net worth or the loan period of one (1) year. The total amount of loans and

After the Revision	Before the Revision	Explanatory Notes
net worth stated in the most	Company's net worth stated in	company are amended.
recent financial report.	the most recent financial report.	
2. For lending to companies that	2. For lending to companies that	
have a need for short-term	have a need for short-term	
financing facilities, the amount	financing facilities, the amount	
of lending to each company	of lending to each company	
shall not exceed <u>five (5)</u>	shall not exceed ten (10)	
percent of the Company's net	percent of the Company's net	
worth stated in the most recent	worth stated in the most recent	
financial report. However, for	financial report. However, for	
subsidiaries in which the	subsidiaries in which the	
Company holds, directly or	Company holds, directly or	
indirectly, 100% of the voting	indirectly, one hundred (100)	
shares, the amount of lending	percent of the voting shares, the	
to each company shall not	amount of lending to each	
exceed five (5) percent of the	company shall not exceed forty	
Company's net worth stated in	(40%) percent of the	
the most recent financial report.	Company's net worth stated in	
The Company's total amount of	the most recent financial report.	
lending to other parties shall not	The Company's total amount of	
exceed <u>five (5) percent</u> of the	lending to other parties shall not	
Company's net worth stated in the	exceed forty (40%) percent of the	
most recent financial report.	Company's net worth stated in the	
The restriction of <u>five (5) percent</u> of	=	
the Company's net worth stated in	The restriction of <u>forty (40%)</u>	
the most recent financial report or	percent of the Company's net worth	
restriction of a loan period of one	stated in the most recent financial	
(1) year shall not apply to	report shall not apply to	
inter-company loans of funds	inter-company loans of funds	
between overseas companies in	between overseas companies in	
which the Company holds, directly	which the Company holds, directly	
or indirectly, 100% of the voting	or indirectly, one hundred (100)	
shares, nor to loans of funds to the	percent of the voting shares in need	
Company by any overseas company	of short-term financing. However,	
in which the Company holds,	the total amount of loans minus the	
directly or indirectly, 100% of the	sum of loans between companies in	
voting shares in need of short-term	which the Company holds directly	
financing.	or indirectly, one hundred (100)	
Except for the circumstances	percent of the voting shares shall	
mentioned in the preceding	not exceed forty (40) percent of the	
paragraph, the total amount of loans of funds to the Company minus the	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
sum of the loans under the	most recent financial report.	
circumstances in the preceding paragraph shall not exceed five (5)		
percent of the Company's net worth stated in the most recent financial		
report. The total amount of loans and		
endorsements/guarantees by the		
Company shall be limited to five (5)		
Company shan be innited to five (3)	I	

After the Revision	Before the Revision	Explanatory Notes
percent of the Company's net worth		
stated in the most recent financial		
report.		
Article 7	Article 7	Amended in accordance
When the borrower (excluding	When the borrower (excluding	with Article 3 of these
subsidiaries in which the Company		Procedures.
directly or indirectly holds <u>ninety</u>	directly or indirectly holds fifty (50)	
(90) percent or more of the voting	percent or more of the voting	
stocks) requests a loan according to	stocks) requests a loan according to	
the regulations above, they shall	the regulations above, they shall	
provide an equal amount of	provide an equal amount of	
promissory notes, collateral, and/or	promissory notes, collateral, and/or	
	other guarantees as requested by the	
Company. When collateral is	Company. When collateral is	
provided, the owner shall grant	provided, the owner shall grant	
pledges and/or mortgages to the	pledges and/or mortgages to the	
Company for the purpose of	Company for the purpose of	
securitizing its obligations.	securitizing its obligations.	
Article 17	Article 17	The companies for which
The party to whom the Company	The party to whom the Company	the Company provides
may provide	may provide	endorsements/guarantees
endorsements/guarantees includes	endorsements/guarantees includes	are amended in
the following:	the following:	accordance with actual
1. Any company having business	1. Any company having business	organizational structure.
transactions with the Company.	transactions with the Company.	-
2. Any company in which the	2. Any company in which the	
Company holds directly or	Company holds directly or	
indirectly 90% of the voting	indirectly 50% of the voting	
shares.	shares.	
3. Any parent company which holds	3. Any parent company which holds	
directly or indirectly 90% of the	directly or indirectly 50% of the	
voting shares in the Company.	voting shares in the Company.	
The amount of	The companies in which the	
endorsements/guarantees made	Company holds directly or	
between the companies in which the	1	
Company holds directly or	may make inter-company	
indirectly one hundred (100)	endorsements/guarantees, and the	
percent of voting shares shall be	amount shall not exceed ten (10)	
made free of the restriction of a	percent of the Company's net worth	
certain percentage of the net worth	stated in the most recent financial	
of the Company.	report. However, the amount of	
Where all capital contributing	endorsements/guarantees made	
shareholders make	between the companies in which the	
endorsements/guarantees for their	Company holds directly or	
jointly invested company in	indirectly one hundred (100)	
proportion to their shareholding	percent of the voting shares shall	
percentages, such	not be subject to the above.	
endorsements/guarantees may be	Where all capital contributing	
made free of the restrictions set	shareholders make	
forth in the preceding two	endorsements/guarantees for their	

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After the Revision	Before the Revision	Explanatory Notes
paragraphs.	jointly invested company in	
The term "capital contributing" as	proportion to their shareholding	
used in the preceding paragraph	percentages, such	
shall refer to capital contributions	endorsements/guarantees may be	
made directly by the Company, or	made free of the restrictions set	
through a company of which the	forth in the preceding two	
Company holds one hundred (100)	paragraphs.	
percent of the voting shares.	The term "capital contributing" as	
	used in the preceding paragraph	
	shall refer to capital contributions	
	made directly by the Company, or	
	through a company of which the	
	Company holds one hundred (100)	
	percent of the voting shares.	
Article 18	Article 18	The total amount for
The total amount of	The total amount of	lending and the
endorsements/guarantees provided	endorsements/guarantees provided	maximum amount
by the Company shall not exceed	by the Company shall not exceed	available to each
five (5) percent of the Company's	<u>fifty (50) percent</u> of the Company's	company is amended in
net worth stated in the most recent	net worth stated in the most recent	accordance with Article
financial report, and the amount of	financial report, and the amount of	12 of these Regulations.
endorsements/guarantees provided	endorsements/guarantees provided	
by the Company for any single	by the Company for any single	
entity shall not exceed <u>five (5)</u>	entity shall not exceed twenty (20)	
	percent of the Company's net worth	
stated in the most recent financial	stated in the most recent financial	
report.	report.	
The total amount of	The total amount of	
endorsements/guarantees provided	endorsements/guarantees provided	
	by the Company and its subsidiaries	
shall be limited to five (5) percent	shall be limited to <u>fifty (50) percent</u>	
of the Company's net worth stated	of the Company's net worth stated	
in the most recent financial report.	in the most recent financial report.	
The total amount of	The total amount of	
endorsements/guarantees provided	endorsements/guarantees provided	
by the Company and its subsidiaries	by the Company and its subsidiaries	
to a single entity shall be limited to	to a single entity shall be limited to	
<u>five (5) percent</u> of the Company's	twenty (20) percent of the	
net worth stated in the most recent	Company's net worth stated in the	
financial report.	most recent financial report.	
The amount of	The amount of	
endorsements/guarantees to each	endorsements/guarantees to each	
company, with which the Company	company, with which the Company	
does business, shall not exceed the	does business, shall not exceed the	
cumulative amount of sales	cumulative amount of sales	
transactions (amount of sales	transactions (amount of sales	
transaction refers to the higher of	transaction refers to the higher of	
the amount of sales or purchases)	the amount of sales or purchases)	
within twelve (12) months before	within twelve (12) months before	
the endorsements/guarantees are	the endorsements/guarantees are	
provided.	provided.	

After the Revision	Before the Revision	Explanatory Notes
The total amount of loans and	Detote the 10 (1510)	Zipimimtorj 110tos
endorsements/guarantees by the		
Company shall be limited to five (5)		
percent of the Company's net worth		
stated in the most recent financial		
report. Article 21	Article 21	Amended in accordance
The Company shall examine and	The Company shall examine and	with Article 17 of these
evaluate the following before	evaluate the following before	Procedures.
_	<u> </u>	Flocedules.
making	making	
endorsements/guarantees, and	endorsements/guarantees, and	
prepare a record thereof:	prepare a record thereof:	
1. Verify the endorsed/guaranteed	1. Verify the endorsed/guaranteed	
entity's purpose for borrowing	entity's purpose for borrowing	
the loan, its relation to the	the loan, its relation to the	
Company, importance of its	Company, importance of its	
business to the Company, the	business to the Company, the	
limit and balance of the	limit and balance of the	
Company's	Company's	
endorsements/guarantees, and	endorsements/guarantees, and	
evaluate the necessity and	evaluate the necessity and	
reasonableness thereof.	reasonableness thereof.	
2. Evaluate the potential risks, the	2. Evaluate the potential risks, the	
operation, finance and credit	operation, finance and credit	
status and repayment source of	status and repayment source of	
the entity based on its annual	the entity based on its annual	
report, financial report, and other	report, financial report, and other	
relevant documents.	relevant documents.	
3. Evaluate the impact of the	3. Evaluate the impact of the	
endorsements/guarantees on the	endorsements/guarantees on the	
Company's operating risk,	Company's operating risk,	
financial status, and shareholders'		
equity based on the analysis of	equity based on the analysis of	
the percentage of Company's	the percentage of Company's	
current endorsements/guarantees	current endorsements/guarantees	
balance from the Company's net	balance from the Company's net	
worth, liquidity, and cash flow	worth, liquidity, and cash flow	
status, and the review results of	status, and the review results of	
the first and second paragraphs.	the first and second paragraphs.	
4. Evaluate if the entity should	4. Evaluate if the entity should	
provide appropriate collateral,	provide appropriate collateral,	
and if the value of the collateral	and if the value of the collateral	
should be re-valued on a	should be re-valued on a	
quarterly basis to ensure that the	quarterly basis to ensure that the	
value is equivalent to the	value is equivalent to the	
endorsements/guarantees based	endorsements/guarantees based	
on the nature of the guarantee,	on the nature of the guarantee,	
the credit status of the entity, and	the credit status of the entity, and	
the evaluation results of the first	the evaluation results of the first	
to third paragraphs. Where	to third paragraphs. Where	
necessary, the entity may be	necessary, the entity may be	

After the Devision	Defere the Devision	Evalenatory Notes
After the Revision	Before the Revision	Explanatory Notes
required to provide	required to provide	
supplementary collateral.	supplementary collateral.	
5. However, entities in which the	5. However, entities in which the	
Company holds directly or	Company holds directly or	
indirectly hold more than <u>ninety</u>	indirectly hold more than <u>fifty</u>	
(90) percent of the voting shares	(50) percent of the voting shares	
shall not be subject to the	shall not be subject to the	
assessment in the preceding first	assessment in the preceding first	
to fourth paragraphs, and may be	to fourth paragraphs, and may be	
exempted from providing the	exempted from providing the	
collateral.	collateral.	
6. If the Company provides	6. If the Company provides	
endorsements/guarantees to a	endorsements/guarantees to a	
subsidiary whose net worth is	subsidiary whose net worth is	
less than one-half of the paid-in	less than one-half of the paid-in	
capital, the Company should	capital, the Company should	
periodically review the	periodically review the	
subsidiary 's financial report and	subsidiary 's financial report and	
request improvement plans on a	request improvement plans on a	
quarterly basis. If the shares of	quarterly basis. If the shares of	
the subsidiary have a par value of		
or par value other than NT\$ 10,	or par value other than NT\$ 10,	
the paid-in capital shall be determined as the total of the	the paid-in capital shall be determined as the total of the	
capital stock plus the capital surplus - additional paid-in	capital stock plus the capital surplus - additional paid-in	
capital.	capital.	
Article 24	Article 24	Decision making and
The Finance Department shall	The Finance Department shall	authorization level of
=	prepare a memorandum book for its	endorsements/guarantees
endorsements/guarantees activities.	endorsements/guarantees activities.	are amended in
After the endorsements/guarantees	After the endorsements/guarantees	accordance with Article 7
are approved by the Audit	is approved by the Board or	of these Regulations.
Committee and submitted to the	resolved by the Chairman, beside	of these regulations.
Board for resolution, beside the	the affixing of seals in accordance	
affixing of seals in accordance with	with the procedure, the entity, the	
the procedure, the entity, the	amount, date of Board approval or	
amount, date of Board approval or	execution of the Chairman, date of	
execution of the Chairman, date of	endorsements/guarantees, and	
endorsements/guarantees, and	evaluation items as prescribed in	
evaluation items as prescribed in	Article 7 of these Procedures shall	
Article 7 of these Procedures shall	be recorded in detail. Other related	
be recorded in detail. Other related	documents including bills and	
documents including bills and	agreements shall also be	
agreements shall also be	photocopied for safekeeping.	
photocopied for safekeeping.	If the endorsement bill is renewed	
If the endorsement bill is renewed	due to debt settlement or extension,	
due to debt settlement or extension,	the guaranteed company should	
the guaranteed company should	prepare a document to send the	
prepare a document to send the	original endorsement bill to the	
original endorsement bill to the	Company's financial department,	

After the Revision	Before the Revision	Explanatory Notes
Company's financial department,	and have it stamped with	1 7
and have it stamped with	"Discharged" and returned. The	
"Discharged" and returned. The	Company shall keep the document	
Company shall keep the document	for review. The finance department	
for review. The finance department	should record the discharged bills	
should record the discharged bills	into the reference book at any time	
into the reference book at any time	to reduce the cumulative	
to reduce the cumulative	endorsement amount.	
endorsement amount.		
Article 27	Article 27	To clarify the definition
Announcement and reporting	Announcement and reporting	of long-term investment
procedures	procedures	pursuant to Article 25 of
The Company shall, prior to the	The Company shall, prior to the	these Regulations.
tenth day of each month, publicly	tenth day of each month, publicly	
announce and report the	announce and report the	
endorsement/guarantee balance of	endorsement/guarantee balance of	
the Company and its subsidiaries.	the Company and its subsidiaries.	
Except for reporting and	Except for reporting and	
announcing the	announcing the	
endorsements/guarantees on a	endorsements/guarantees on a	
monthly basis, the Company and its	monthly basis, the Company and its	
subsidiaries whose balance of	subsidiaries whose balance of	
endorsements/guarantees reaches	endorsements/guarantees reaches	
one of the following levels shall	one of the following levels shall	
announce and report such event	announce and report such event	
within two days commencing	within two days commencing	
immediately from the date of	immediately from the date of	
occurrence:	occurrence:	
1. The total amount of	1. The total amount of	
endorsements/guarantees	endorsements/guarantees	
provided by the Company and	provided by the Company and	
its subsidiaries reaches fifty	its subsidiaries reaches fifty (50)	
(50) percent or above of the	percent or above of the	
Company's net worth stated in	Company's net worth stated in	
the most recent financial report.	the most recent financial report.	
2. The total amount of	2. The total amount of	
endorsements/guarantees	endorsements/guarantees	
provided by the Company and	provided by the Company and	
its subsidiaries to a single entity	its subsidiaries to a single entity	
shall be limited to twenty (20)	shall be limited to twenty (20)	
percent or above of the	percent or above of the	
Company's net worth stated in	Company's net worth stated in	
the most recent financial report.	the most recent financial report.	
3. The amount of	3. The amount of	
endorsements/guarantees by the	endorsements/guarantees	
Company and its subsidiaries	provided by the Company and	
for a single enterprise reaches	its subsidiaries for a single	
NT\$10 million or more and the	enterprise reaches NT\$10 million or more and the	
aggregate amount of all		
endorsements/guarantees for,	aggregate amount of all	
book value of the investment	endorsements/guarantees for,	

After the Devices	Defend the Devision	Evalenctory Notes
After the Revision	Before the Revision	Explanatory Notes
under the equity method of, and	investment of a long-term	
balance of loans to such	nature in, and balance of loans	
enterprise reaches 30 percent or	to such enterprise are thirty (30)	
more of the public company's	percent or more of the	
net worth as stated in its latest	Company's net worth as stated	
financial statement. 4. The amount of new	in its latest financial statement. 4. The amount of new	
endorsements/guarantees made by the Company or its	endorsements/guarantees made by the Company or its	
subsidiaries reaches NT\$30	subsidiaries reaches NT\$30	
million or more, and reaches	million or more, and reaches	
five (5) percent or more of the	five (5) percent or more of the	
Company's net worth as stated	Company's net worth as stated	
in its latest financial statement.	in its latest financial statement.	
The Company shall announce and	The Company shall announce and	
report on behalf of any subsidiary	report on behalf of any subsidiary	
thereof that is not a domestic	thereof that is not a domestic	
company any matter that such	company any matter that such	
subsidiary is required to announce	subsidiary is required to announce	
and report pursuant to Paragraph 4	and report pursuant to Paragraph 4	
of the preceding paragraph.	of the preceding paragraph.	
of the preceding paragraph.	or the preceding paragraph.	
Article 29	Article 29	Paragraph 2 is added to
This Company's managers and	This Company's managers and	clarify the legal liability
persons-in-charge shall follow these	persons-in-charge shall follow these	of the Company's
Procedures when handling third	Procedures when handling third	responsible person
party lending, endorsements, and	party lending, endorsements, and	pursuant to Article 3 of
guarantees in order to prevent the	guarantees in order to prevent the	these Regulations.
Company from incurring any losses.	Company from incurring any losses.	
	Should there be any violation of the	
related regulations or the	related regulations or the	
Procedures, subsequent castigation	Procedures, subsequent castigation	
is subject to the related Personnel	is subject to the related Personnel	
Articles of the Company.	Articles of the Company.	
The responsible person of a		
company who has violated		
Paragraph 1 Article 3 shall be liable,		
jointly and severally with the		
borrower, for the repayment of the		
loan at issue and for the damages, if		
any, to the company resulting		
there-from.	A 1 - 21	D 1- 4
Article 31 The Procedures shall be affective	Article 31 The Proceedings and any amondment	Paragraph 4 and 5 are
The Procedures shall be effective		
upon approval by the Board of	thereof shall be effective upon	of the methods of
Directors first and then submitted to	1 1 2	resolution and all
the Shareholders' Meeting for	first and then submitted to the	members (Directors)
approval. Any objection by the		pursuant to Article 8 of
Directors which is recorded or in	Any objection by the Directors	the Regulations.
writing shall be submitted to the	which is recorded or in writing shall	
Audit Committee and for discussion	be submitted to the Audit	

After the Revision	Before the Revision	Explanatory Notes
by the Shareholders Meeting. The	Committee and for discussion by	1
same shall apply to amendments.	the Shareholders Meeting.	
When a matter is submitted for	When a matter is submitted for	
discussion by the Board of	discussion by the Board of Directors	
Directors in accordance with the	in accordance with the preceding	
preceding paragraph, the Board of	paragraph, the Board of Directors	
Directors shall take into full	shall take into full consideration	
consideration each independent	each independent director's	
director's opinions. If an	opinions. If an independent director	
independent director objects to or	objects to or expresses reservations	
expresses reservations about any	about any matter, it shall be	
matter, it shall be recorded in the	recorded in the minutes of the	
minutes of the Board Meeting.	Board Meeting.	
_	The amendment of these Procedures	
	shall be approved by more than half	
of all audit committee members and	of all audit committee members and	
submitted to the Board of Directors	submitted to the Board of Directors	
for a resolution.	for a resolution.	
If approval of more than half of all	After the formulation of these	
Audit Committee members is not	Procedures, amendments shall be	
obtained, the procedures may be	made thereto when the relevant	
implemented if approved by more	regulations have been amended.	
than two-thirds of all Directors, and		
the resolution of the Audit		
Committee shall be recorded in the		
minutes of the board meeting.		
The terms "all Audit Committee		
members" and "all Directors"		
referred to in the preceding		
paragraph shall be counted as the		
actual number of persons currently		
holding those positions.		
After the formulation of these		
Procedures, amendments shall be		
made thereto when the relevant		
regulations have been amended.		
Article 32	Article 32	Added date and number
These Procedures were instituted	These Procedures were instituted	of amendments.
and implemented on May 6, 2015.	and implemented on May 6, 2015,	
The 1 st amendment was approved	amendment for the 1st amendment	
by the Shareholders' Meeting on	was approved by the Shareholders'	
June 8, 2017, and the 2 nd	Meeting on June 8, 2017.	
amendment was approved by the		
Shareholders' Meeting on June 3,		
<u>2020</u> .		

List of Directors (incl. Independent Director) Candidates

Candidate for	Name	Academic background	Career background	Current position	Current no. of shares held (Unit: shares)	Government agencies or corporate entity the candidate represents
Director	Kuo-Feng Lin	Electronic Engineering Department Taipei Institute of Technology	President of Mobile Business Branch, Chunghwa Telecom Co., Ltd.	Chunghwa Telecom Co., Ltd Executive Vice President Chunghwa Precision Test Tech. Co., Ltd Representative of a juristic-person	11,229,884	Chunghwa Investment Co., Ltd.
Director	Ivan Lin	Ph.D. in Electronic and Computer Engineering from National Taiwan University of Science and Technology	Chunghwa Telecom Co., Ltd President of Southern Taiwan Business Group Chunghwa Telecom Co., Ltd Vice President of the Entrepreneurial Business Group	Chunghwa Telecom Co., Ltd Executive Vice President (Administrative and Investment)	11,229,884	Chunghwa Investment Co., Ltd.
Director	Shui-Ke Huang	Master of Informatics, Yuan Ze University	Chunghwa Precision Test Tech. Co., Ltd Vice President Chunghwa Telecom Co., Ltd Product Manager of Telecommunication Laboratories	Chunghwa Precision Test Tech. Co., Ltd Chairman and CEO	861,594	None
Director	Heng-Chen Chen	Master of Finance, Chengchi University	Goodix Technology Inc CFO MediaTek Inc Chief of Finance Department YAGEO Corp Assistant Vice President J.P. Morgan Corporate & Investment Bank - Vice President	MediaTek Inc. Finance Department - General Manager of Finance Department	351,000	MediaTek Capital Co.

Candidate for	Name	Academic background	Career background	Current position	Current no. of shares held (Unit: shares)	Government agencies or corporate entity the candidate represents
Independent Director	Wen-Nan Tsan	Ph.D in Information Management, National Central University Master of Business Administratio n, National Chengchi University Bachelor of Electrical Engineering, National Central University	National Development Fund, Executive Yuan - Review Committee Industrial Development Bureau, Ministry of Economic Affairs - Standing and Project Committee Member of the Technological Businesses Review Committee Ministry of Economic Affairs - Advisor Asia Pacific Industrial Analysis Association (APIAA) - Chairperson Department of Industrial Technology, Ministry of Economic Affairs - Host of the Taiwan Intellectual Capital Research Project Department of Industrial Technology, Ministry of Economic Affairs - Host of the Taiwan Intellectual Capital Research Project Department of Industrial Technology, Ministry of Economic Affairs - Host of the Industrial Technology Information Sub-project National Taxation Bureau, Ministry of Finance - Consulting Committee for the Applicability of Investment Credit for R&D and Talent Training Expenses	Institution for Information Industry - Head of MIC Chunghwa Precision Test Tech. Co., Ltd Independent Director	0	None

Candidate for	Name	Academic background	Career background	Current position	Current no. of shares held (Unit: shares)	Government agencies or corporate entity the candidate represents
Independent Director	Chung-Fer n Wu	Ph.D. of Accounting and Information System, UCLA Anderson Graduate School of	Financial Supervisory Commission - Commissioner NTU College of Management - Associate Professor	NTU College of Management - Professor of Accounting Chunghwa Precision Test Tech. Co., Ltd. - Independent Director	0	None
Independent Director	Huang-Ch uan Chiu	Management Master of Law, University of Cambridge Master of Law, National Taiwan University	Huang & Partners - Attorney Baker & McKenzie - Attorney Taiwan Commercial Law Offices - Partner	Kew & Lord, Attorneys at Law - Partner in charge Chunghwa Precision Test Tech. Co., Ltd Independent Director	0	None

Details on the Proposed Removal of Restrictions on Competing Business Involvement for New Directors and their Representatives

Position	Name	Concurrent positions at other companies		Main business content
Director	Chunghwa Investment Co., Ltd. Representative: Kuo-Feng Lin	Chunghwa Telecom Co., Ltd.	Executive Vice President	Communication Network
Director	Chunghwa Investment Co., Ltd. Representative: Ivan Lin	Chunghwa Telecom Co., Ltd.	Executive Vice President	Communication Network
		Chingis Technology Corporation	Chairman, Director, Supervisor	IC Design
		Mediatek Research Corp.	Director	IC Design
	MediaTek Capital Co.	Mars Semiconductor Corp.	Director	IC Design
Director		Andes Technology Corporation	Chairman	IC Design
		CMOS-Crystal TECHNOLOGY CO., LIMITED	Director	IC Design
		CYBERON CORPORATION	Director	IC Design
	MediaTek Capital Co. Representative: Heng-Chen Chen	MediaTek Inc.	General Manager of Finance Department	IC Design
		SigmaStar Technology Corp.	Representative of a juristic-person	IC Design
Independent Director	Wen-Nan Tsan	PROMISE Technology, Inc. ASolid Technology Co., Ltd.	Independent Director Independent Director	Computer system integration IC Design
		CTCI Advanced Systems Inc.	Independent Director	System integration
		Elitegroup Computer Systems	Director	Computer products

Position	Name	Concurrent positions at other companies		Main business content
Independent Director	Chung-Fern Wu	Everlight Chemical Industrial Corporation Thai Kin Co., Ltd.	Independent Director Independent Director	Chemical material manufacturing Electronic product manufacturing
Independent Director	Huang-Chuan Chiu	ShunShin Technology Holdings Ltd.	Independent Director	Packaging and Testing

Chunghwa Precision Test Tech. Co., Ltd. Rules of the Procedures for Shareholders Meetings

Article 1

The following rules have been established to ensure sound governance, supervision and management over the convention of shareholders' meetings within the Company. They serve as compliance guidelines for all matters concerning the convention of shareholder meetings, including the proceeding, resolution, and keeping of minutes.

Article 2

Unless otherwise specified by law or the Articles of Incorporation, shareholders' meetings of the Company shall proceed according to the terms of this rules.

Article 3

Unless otherwise specified by law, shareholders' meetings are to be convened by the board of directors.

The Company shall compile an electronic file that contains the meeting notice, a proxy form, a detailed description of agendas to be acknowledged or discussed during the meeting, and notes on the re-election or dismissal of directors and post it onto the Market Observation Post System (MOPS) at least 30 days before an annual general shareholders' meeting, or 15 days before an extraordinary shareholders' meeting.

At least 21 days before an annual general shareholders' meeting, or 15 days before an extraordinary shareholders' meeting, an electronic copy of the shareholders' meeting manual and supplementary information shall be posted onto MOPS.

Hard copies of the shareholders' meeting manual and supplementary information also need to be prepared at least 15 days before the meeting and made accessible to shareholders at anytime. These documents must be made available at the Company's premises and at the share administration agency, and distributed on-site at the shareholders' meeting.

The meeting notice and announcement must state clearly the agendas to be discussed during the meeting, and can be issued in electronic form if consented by the recipient.

Article 4

Agendas that involve election or dismissal of directors, changes to the Articles of Incorporation, corporate liquidation, merger, divestment, or any matters listed in Paragraph 1, Article 185 of the Company Act or Article 26-1 or Article 43-6 of the Securities and Exchange Act must be listed in the regular agendas and can not be raised through special motions.

Article 5

Shareholders' meeting shall be held at locations that are suitable and convenient for shareholders to attend. Meetings must not commence anytime earlier than 9AM or later than 3PM.

If the Company has independent directors in place, independent directors' opinions must be fully taken into consideration when deciding the time and venue of the meeting.

Article 6

Shareholders that own more than 1% of the Company's outstanding shares are entitled to propose, in writing, agendas for discussion in annual general shareholders' meeting. Each shareholder may only propose one (1) agenda; proposals above that limit will be excluded from discussion. The board of directors may disregard shareholders' proposals if the proposed agendas exhibit any of the conditions described in Paragraph 4, Article 172-1 of The Company Act.

The Company shall announce, before the book closure date of the annual general shareholders' meeting, the conditions, places and time within which shareholders' proposals are accepted. The timing of acceptance must not be less than 10 days.

Shareholders shall limit their proposed agendas to 300 words only; proposals that exceed 300 words will not be accepted for discussion. Shareholders who have successfully proposed their agendas shall attend the annual general shareholders' meeting in person or through proxy attendance and participate in the discussion.

The Company shall notify each proposing shareholder the outcomes of their proposed agendas before the date the meeting notice is sent. Meanwhile, agendas that satisfy the conditions listed in this Article shall be included as part of the meeting notice. During the shareholders' meeting, the board of directors shall explain the reasons why certain proposed agendas are excluded from discussion.

Article 7

Shareholders may appoint proxies to attend shareholders' meeting on their behalf by completing the Company's proxy form and specifying the scope of delegated authority.

Each shareholder may issue one proxy form and delegate one proxy only. All proxy forms must be received by the Company at least 5 days before the shareholders' meeting. In cases where multiple proxy forms are issued, the one that arrives first shall prevail. However, this excludes situations where the shareholder has issued a proper declaration to withdraw the previous proxy arrangement. Should the shareholder decide to attend shareholders' meeting personally or exercise voting rights in writing or using electronic means after a proxy form has been received by the Company, a written notice must be sent to the Company by no later than two days before the meeting commences to

withdraw the proxy arrangement. If the shareholder fails to withdraw proxy arrangement before the due date, the vote of the proxy attendant shall prevail.

Article 8

The meeting notice must specify details such as meeting time, venue, and important notes where relevant.

Admission of meeting participants shall begin at least 30 minutes before the meeting commences. The reception area must be clearly labeled and stationed with competent personnel.

Shareholders or their proxies (collectively referred to as shareholders below) shall attend shareholders' meetings by presenting valid conference pass, attendance card or other document of similar nature. All shareholders' meeting participants are required to produce proof of identify for verification purpose upon arrival. An attendance log shall be provided to record shareholders' attendance; alternatively, shareholders may present attendance cards to signify their presence.

Where the shareholder is a government agency or corporate entity, more than one representative may attend shareholders' meeting on their behalf. Corporate entities that have been designated as proxy attendants can only appoint one representative to attend shareholders' meeting.

Article 9

Shareholders' presence is determined by the number of shares represented during the meeting. The number of shares represented during the meeting is calculated based on the attendance cards collected, plus the number of shares with voting rights exercised in writing or through electronic means.

During the shareholders' meeting, the Company shall publish information regarding the number of shares acquired by acquirers and the number of shares represented by proxies using the prescribed format.

Shareholders who attend the meeting shall be given a copy of the meeting manual, annual report, attendance pass, opinion slip, agenda ballots and any information relevant to the meeting. Prepare additional ballots if directors election is also being held during the meeting.

Article 10

Shareholders' meetings that are convened by the board of directors shall be chaired by the Chairman. If the Chairman is unable to perform duty due to leave of absence or any reasons, the Chairman will appoint one of the directors to act on behalf. If no one is appointed, the remaining directors shall appoint one among themselves to perform the Chairman's duties on behalf.

For shareholders' meetings that are convened by any authorized party other than the board of directors, the convener shall chair the meeting. If there are two or more conveners at the same time,

one shall be appointed among themselves to chair the meeting.

The Company may summon its lawyers, certified public accountants, and any relevant personnel to be present at shareholders' meetings.

Article 11

The Chairman should announce the commencement of the meeting as soon as it is due. However, if current attendants represented less than half of the Company's outstanding shares, the Chairman may announce to postpone the meeting up to two times, for a period totaling no more than one hour. The Chairman shall dismiss the meeting if attending shareholders still represent less one-thirds of outstanding shares after two postponements.

If the attending shareholders represent more than one-thirds but less than half of outstanding shares after two postponements, the attending shareholders may reach a tentative resolution according to Paragraph 1, Article 175 of The Company Act. This tentative resolution shall then be communicated to every shareholder and another shareholders' meeting shall be held within the next month.

If the number of shares represented accumulate to more than half of all outstanding shares as the meeting progresses, the Chairman may propose the tentative resolutions for final voting according to Article 174 of The Company Act.

Article 12

If the shareholders' meeting is convened by the board of directors, the board of directors will determine the meeting proceeding. The proceeding can not be changed unless resolved during the shareholders' meeting.

The above rule also applies if the shareholders' meeting is convened by any authorized party other than the board of directors.

In either of the two situations described above, the Chairman can not dismiss the meeting while an agenda (including special motion) is still in progress. If the Chairman violates conference rules by dismissing the meeting when not allowed to do so, other members of the board shall immediately assist the attending shareholders in electing another Chairman that has the support of more than half of voting rights represented to continue the meeting.

Article 13

Shareholders who wish to speak during the meeting must produce an opinion slip detailing the topic, shareholder ID (or the attendance ID serial) and shareholder's name. The order of shareholders' comments shall be determined by the Chairman.

Shareholders who submit an opinion slip without actually speaking are considered to have remained silent. If the shareholder's actual comments differ from those stated in the opinion slip, the actual

comments expressed shall be taken into record.

While a shareholder is speaking, other shareholders can not speak simultaneously or interfere in any way unless agreed by the Chairman. The Chairman shall restrain any violators of the above rule.

Each shareholder shall speak for no more than two times, for 5 minutes each, on the same agenda unless otherwise agreed by the Chairman. The Chairman may stop shareholders from speaking if they violate any terms of the rules or speak outside the discussed agenda.

Where a corporate shareholder has appointed two or more representatives to attend the shareholder meeting, only one representative may speak per agenda.

For any agendas, amendments or special motions proposed during the meeting, the Chairman may announce to discontinue further discussions if the issue in question is considered to have been sufficiently discussed to proceed with voting.

After a shareholder has finished speaking, the Chairman may answer the shareholder's queries personally or appoint any relevant personnel to do so.

Article 14

Votes are vested in a shareholders' meeting based on the number of shares represented. Shareholders are entitled to one vote per share, except for shares that are subject to voting restrictions or circumstances outlined in Paragraph 2, Article 179 of The Company Act.

Shareholders can not vote, or appoint proxies to vote, on any agendas that present a conflict between their own interests and interests of the Company.

The number of shares held by shareholders who are not permitted to vote shall be excluded from the calculation of total voting rights.

With the exception of trust enterprises and certain share administration agencies approved by the competent authority, a proxy may not represent more than 3% of total voting rights in aggregate when representing two or more shareholders during the meeting. Voting rights that exceed this threshold shall be excluded from calculation.

Article 15

Unless otherwise regulated by The Company Act or the Articles of Incorporation, an agenda is passed when supported by shareholders who represent more than half of total voting rights in the meeting. When voting, the Chairman or delegate thereof shall announce the total number of voting rights represented by attending shareholders for every agenda discussed, and have shareholders vote on an agenda-by-agenda basis. The number of votes in favor, against, and abstained for each agenda shall be uploaded onto MOPS on the same day after the shareholder meeting has ended.

In cases where several amendment or alternative solutions have been proposed for a certain agenda, the Chairman shall determine the order in which the new and original proposals are voted. If any solution is passed, all other proposals shall be deemed rejected and no further voting is necessary.

Article 16

The Chairman will appoint a ballot examiner and a ballot counter; the ballot examiner must be a shareholder.

Agenda and election votes must be counted openly at the shareholders' meeting. Results of the vote, including the final tally, must be announced on-site and recorded in minutes.

Article 17

Voting rights can be exercised in writing or using the electronic method. Instructions for exercising voting rights in writing or using the electronic form must be clearly stated on the shareholders' meeting notice. Shareholders who have voted in writing or using the electronic method are considered to have attended shareholders' meeting in person. However, they are considered to have waived their rights to participate in any special motions or amendments to the original agendas that may arise during the shareholders' meeting. For this reason, the Company should avoid proposing special motions and amendment to the original agendas where possible.

Instructions to exercise written and electronic votes must be delivered to the Company at least 2 days before the shareholders' meeting. In the event where there are duplicate submissions, the earliest submission shall be taken into record, unless the shareholder has issued an official declaration to withdraw the previous vote.

Shareholders who wish to attend the shareholder meeting in person after exercising their voting rights in writing or using electronic methods are required to withdraw their votes using the same method by which the vote was cast in the first place, and by no later than two days before the day of shareholder meeting. The written/electronic vote shall prevail if not withdrawn before the cutoff time. If the shareholder has exercised written or electronic votes and at the same time delegated a proxy to attend the shareholders' meeting, then the voting decision exercised by the proxy shall prevail.

Article 18

If a shareholders' meeting involves election of directors, the election shall proceed according to the Company's Director Election Rules. Results of the election, including the list of elected directors and supervisors and the final tally, must be announced on-site.

All ballots used in the above election shall be sealed, signed and held in proper custody for at least one year. However, if a shareholder raises a litigious claim against the Company according to Article 189 of The Company Act, the abovementioned documents must be retained until the end of the litigation.

Article 19

Shareholders' meeting resolutions shall be compiled into detailed minutes, and signed or sealed by the Chairman, and disseminated to each shareholder by no later than 20 days after the meeting.

The minutes shall detail the date and venue of the meeting, the Chairman's name, the method of resolution, the proceeding and results of various meeting agendas. These minutes must be retained for as long as the Company exists.

Preparation and distribution of meeting minutes can be made in electronic form.

The Company may disseminate meeting minutes by posting details onto MOPS.

The Company shall record non-stop, in audio or video, from the time admission is accepted and throughout the entire meeting proceeding, voting and vote counting. These recordings need to be maintained for at least one year. However, if a shareholder raises a litigious claim against the Company according to Article 189 of The Company Act, the abovementioned documents must be retained until the end of the litigation.

Article 20

The Chairman may instruct picketers or security staff to help maintain order in the meeting. While maintaining order in the meeting, all picketers or security staff must wear proper identification or arm badges.

The Chairman may instruct picketers or security staff to remove shareholders who continue to violate the meeting rules despite being warned by the Chairman.

The Chairman may stop anyone who attempts to speak using instruments that are not provided by the Company.

Article 21

The Chairman may put the meeting in recess at appropriate times. In the occurrence of force majeure event, the Chairman may suspend the meeting temporarily and resume at another time.

If the shareholders' meeting is unable to conclude all scheduled agendas (including special motions) before the venue is due for return, participants may resolve to continue the meeting at an alternative location.

Shareholders may also resolve to postpone or resume the meeting within the next five (5) days, according to Article 182 of The Company Act.

Article 22

The Company must disclose on MOPS in a timely manner any shareholders' meeting resolutions that constitute material information as defined by law or the rules or Taiwan Stock Exchange

Corporation (or Taipei Exchange).

Article 23

These rules shall take effect immediately once approved during shareholders' meeting; the same applies to all subsequent revisions. The rules were first established on June 23, 2007; the 1st amendment was made on May 21, 2010; the 2nd amendment was made on December 31, 2014; and the 3rd amendment was made on June 8, 2016.

Articles of Incorporation

- Article 1 The Company has been incorporated in accordance with The Company Act, and is named Chunghwa Precision Test Tech. Co., Ltd. (English name: Chunghwa Precision Test Tech. Co., Ltd.)
- Article 2 The following are the Company's business activities:
 - 1. CC01080 Electronic Parts and Components Manufacturing
 - 2. CC01110 Computers and Peripheral Equipment Manufacturing
 - 3. CC01120 Data Storage Media Manufacturing and Duplicating
 - 4. CC01990 Electrical Machinery, Supplies Manufacturing
 - 5. F119010 Wholesale of Electronic Materials
 - 6. F219010 Retail Sale of Electronic Materials
 - 7. CB01010 Machinery and Equipment Manufacturing
 - 8. CB01990 Other Machinery Manufacturing
 - 9. ZZ99999 All business items that are not prohibited or restricted by law, except those that are subject to special approval.
- Article 3 The Company was founded in Taoyuan City, and may establish domestic or foreign branches subject to the Board of Directors' approval.
- Article 4 The Company may offer loans, endorsements, and guarantees in favor of outside parties. A separate policy shall be established by the Board of Directors for the activities mentioned above.
- Article 5 The Company may invest to acquire ownership interest in other companies, subject to a Board of Directors' resolution. Unless otherwise regulated by law, the sum of investment is restricted at 40% of the Company's paid-up capital.
- Article 6 Public announcements of the Company shall be duly made in accordance with Article 28 of The Company Act.
- Article 7 The Company has an authorized capital of Six Hundred Million New Taiwan Dollars in sixty million ordinary shares. Each share has a face value of Ten New Taiwan Dollars. The Board of Directors is authorized to issue unissued shares in multiple offerings depending on the actual circumstances.

A sum of Ten Million New Taiwan Dollars in one million shares of ten-dollar face value has been reserved from the authorized capital mentioned above for the issuance of employee stock options. Employee stock options may be issued in multiple offerings as resolved by the Board of Directors.

Article 7-1 The Company's share subscription warrants are entitled to employees, who meet

specific requirements, of controlling and subordinate companies.

To issue employee stock warrants that are not subject to the exercise price restriction stating that the exercise price may not be lower than the closing price of the company stocks as of the issuing date, an issuer is required to obtain the consent of at least two-thirds of the voting rights represented at a Shareholders Meeting attended by shareholders representing a majority of the total issued shares. The issuer shall list and provide a description of such matter in the next Shareholders' Meeting, and such matter may not be proposed as a special motion.

Article 7-2 The targets, to whom the Company transfers its bought back shares, may include employees, who meet specific requirements, of controlling and subordinate companies.

Transfer of shares to employees at prices below the Company's average purchase price is subject to a prior shareholders meeting resolution. The agenda must be passed in a shareholders meeting represented by half of the total outstanding shares and voted on in favor by more than two-thirds of the voting rights represented during that meeting. Furthermore, the agenda must be listed as one of the regular items in the meeting advice, and cannot be raised in the form of a special motion.

Article 8 All shares of the Company are in registered form.

Shares issued by the Company are exempted from the printing of physical certificates. However, all issued shares must be registered with the central depository.

- Article 9 (Deleted)
- Article 9-1 (Deleted)
- Article 10 All changes to the shareholder registry shall proceed according to Article 165 of The Company Act.
- Article 11 Unless otherwise specified by law, all stock-related affairs shall proceed according to the "Regulations Governing the Administration of Shareholder Services of Public Companies".
- Article 12 The Company convenes two (2) types of shareholders meetings: annual general meetings and extraordinary shareholders meetings. Meetings are convened by the Board of Directors unless otherwise specified in The Company Act.

Annual general meetings are convened at least once a year at a time no later than six (6) months after the end of a financial year. However, this excludes circumstances that are justified by valid reasons and approved by the competent authority. Extraordinary shareholders meetings may be held whenever deemed necessary, subject to compliance with the relevant laws.

- Article 13 If a shareholder is unable to attend the shareholders meeting in person, a proxy can be appointed by completing the Company's proxy form and by specifying the scope of delegated authority. Unless otherwise regulated in Article 177 of The Company Act, shareholders shall delegate their proxy attendants in compliance with the "Regulations Governing the Use of Proxies for Attendance at Shareholders Meetings of Public Companies".
- Article 14 Shareholders meetings that are convened by the Board of Directors shall be chaired by the Chairperson. If the Chairperson is unable to perform their duty due to a leave of absence or any other reasons, the Chairperson will appoint one of the directors to act on their behalf. If no one is appointed, the remaining directors shall appoint one among themselves to perform the Chairperson's duties on their behalf. For shareholders meetings that are convened by any authorized party other than the Board of Directors, the convener shall chair the meeting. If there are two (2) or more conveners at the same time, one (1) shall be appointed among themselves to chair the meeting.
- Article 15 The Company's shareholders are entitled to one (1) vote per share, except for shares that are subject to voting restrictions or circumstances outlined in Article 179 of The Company Act.
- Article 16 Shareholders may exercise voting rights using electronic methods during the Company's shareholders meetings, subject to compliance with the relevant laws. Except as otherwise regulated by The Company Act, a shareholders meeting resolution is passed when more than 50% of all outstanding shares are represented in the meeting, and voted on in favor by more than 50% of all voting rights represented at the meeting.
- Article 17 Shareholders meeting resolutions shall be compiled into detailed minutes and retained according to Article 183 of The Company Act.
- Article 18 The Company has 5 to 9 directors, who are elected in shareholders meetings from persons of adequate capacity. The directors serve a term of three (3) years, which is renewable if re-elected.

Amongst the directors chosen above, there shall be no fewer than three (3) independent directors and they must not represent less than one-fifth of the board.

Election of the Company's directors shall proceed using the cumulative single-registered method. Each share is vested with voting rights equal to the number of directors to be elected. These voting rights may be concentrated on one candidate or spread across multiple candidates. Candidates receiving the highest number of votes are elected as directors.

Election of directors shall proceed using the nomination system outlined in Article 192-1 of The Company Act. Independent directors and non-independent directors must be elected during the same voting session, and have votes allocated separately. The Board of Directors shall appoint one Chairperson during a board meeting with more than two-thirds of the directors present, and with the support of more than half of all attending directors. Internally, the Chairperson chairs shareholders meetings and Board of Directors meetings. Externally, the Chairperson represents the Company to the outside world.

Article 19 The Company has assembled an Audit Committee in compliance with laws to replace supervisors. Matters concerning the size, term, responsibilities, authorities, and meeting rules of the Audit Committee shall be governed by the Regulations Governing the Exercise of Powers by Audit Committees of Public Companies, and enforced separately under the Audit Committee Foundation Rules.

The Board of Directors may assemble a remuneration committee or other functional committees as deemed necessary to support the Company's operations. Foundation principles of various functional committees are to be established by the Board of Directors according to the relevant laws.

- Article 20 The Company may purchase liability insurance policies to insure itself against liabilities that arise due to operational decisions made by directors during their terms of service. The Board of Directors is authorized to determine the sum insured and other details relating to the insurance policy.
- Article 21 The following issues must be raised for discussion in Board of Directors meetings:
 - 1. Approval of the Company's business plans and budgets.
 - 2. Approval of annual and semi-annual financial statements.
 - 3. Approval of the Company's foundation rules.
 - 4. Establishment, change, or closure of domestic and foreign branches.
 - 5. Appointment, dismissal, and remuneration of managers.
 - 6. Appointment and dismissal of the chief of finance, accounting, or internal audits.
 - 7. Acquisition and disposal of real estate property. However, disposals that comprise the entirety or a major part of the Company's properties are subject to comply with Article 185 of The Company Act.
 - 8. Approval of investments into other businesses.
 - 9. Recommendation of agenda items such as earnings appropriation or loss reimbursement during shareholders meetings.
 - 10. Recommendation of agenda items such as amendment of the Articles of Incorporation, corporate mergers, divestment, acquisition, liquidation, etc,

during shareholders meetings.

- 11. Appointment, dismissal, or remuneration of certified public accountants.
- 12. Loans, endorsements, or guarantees in favor of a third party, subject to compliance with The Company Act.
- 13. Applications for loans, guarantees, banker's acceptance, endorsement (of negotiable instruments), or any form of credit or loan from a financial institution or a third party.
- 14. Adoption and amendment of internal control policies and review of the effectiveness of the implementation of internal control policies.
- 15. Adoption or amendment of handling procedures for financial or operational actions of material significance, such as the acquisition or disposal of assets, derivatives trading, extension of monetary loans to others, or endorsements or guarantees for others.
- 16. The offering, issuance, or private placement of any equity-type securities.
- 17. Donation to related parties or major donations to non-related parties. A public-interest donation of disaster relief for a major natural disaster may be submitted to the next board meeting for retroactive recognition.
- 18. If the recommendation for the remuneration to Directors or managers provided by the remuneration committee will be declined to adopt, or will be modified, the Board shall require the consent of a majority of the directors in attendance at a meeting attended by two-thirds or more of the entire board, which in its resolution shall give comprehensive consideration under the preceding paragraph and shall specifically explain whether the remuneration passed by it exceeds in any way the recommendation of the remuneration committee.
- 19. Other decisions involving the Company's operations that must be resolved through a shareholders meeting or a Board of Directors meeting according to law or the Articles of Incorporation, and any major decisions required by the competent authority.
- Article 22 Board of Directors meetings shall be convened at least once every quarter. Convention of board meetings and the list of agenda items to be discussed must be advised to all directors at least seven (7) days in advance. However, meetings can be held on shorter notices in case of an emergency.

Board meeting advice may be delivered via fax or email instead of physical mail.

Board of directors meetings are to be convened and chaired by the Chairperson.

However, the first meeting of a newly-elected board is convened by a director who receives the highest number of votes during the election. If the Chairperson is unable

to fulfill their duties due to a leave of absence or any other reason, the remaining directors shall appoint one amongst themselves to act on their behalf.

Article 23 Directors are required to attend board meetings personally. If a board meeting is convened by way of video conference, those who participate in the meeting using video conferencing are considered to have attended the meeting in person. If directors are unable to attend board meetings in person, they may appoint other directors as proxies to attend on their behalf. A new proxy letter must be issued for every board meeting, and the extent of delegated authority must be specified for each agenda item. Each proxy attendant may only represent the presence of one absent director.

Unless otherwise regulated by laws or the Articles of Incorporation, the board's resolutions are passed only if more than half of the total board members are present in a meeting, and with more than half of the attending directors voting in favor. All resolutions made in a Board of Directors meeting must be recorded in the minutes.

Article 24 (Deleted)

Article 25 (Deleted)

Article 26 The Company may remunerate its directors for rendering services in relation to the Company's affairs. The Board of Directors is authorized to determine the level of remuneration based on the directors' involvements and contributions to the Company's operations, in reference to local and foreign peer levels.

The Company may remunerate independent directors at a higher but reasonable level than non-independent directors.

Any earnings concluded by the Company are subject to distribution of remuneration according to Article 30.

Article 27 The Company has one General Manager, one Deputy General Manager, and several assistant vice president positions.

Appointment, dismissal, and remuneration of the general manager shall be resolved by the Board of Directors. Appointment, dismissal, and remuneration of other managerial staff shall be proposed by the general manager and approved by the Board of Directors.

Article 28 Responsibilities of the General Manager shall include the following:

- 1. Report to the Board of Directors, and manage the Company's day-to-day operations according to resolutions made in shareholders meetings or board meetings in a manner that complies with the laws and Articles of Incorporation.
- 2. Prepare financial statements and business plans and budgets for the next financial year, in the manner outlined in the Articles of Incorporation.

- 3. Supervise and manage human resources, including recruitment, dismissal, transfer and compensation of employees, and execution of personnel policies.
- 4. Execute whatever tasks assigned and exercise any authority empowered by the Board of Directors in relation to the Company's operations.
- Article 29 The Company's accounting period begins January 1 and ends December 31.

The Board of Directors shall prepare the following statements at the end of each accounting period and present them for acknowledgment in an annual general meeting:

- 1. Business report.
- 2. Financial statements.
- 3. Earnings appropriation or loss reimbursement proposal.

Article 30 Annual profits concluded by the Company are subject to employee remuneration of 5%~12%, which the Board of Directors may decide to distribute in cash or in shares. Employees of holdings or subsidiaries that meet certain criteria may also be entitled to receive remuneration. The abovementioned profits are also subject to director remuneration of no more than 1%, which shall be resolved by the Board of Directors and paid in cash. However, if the Company still has cumulative losses outstanding, profits must first be taken to offset previous losses before the remainder is allocated for employee and director remuneration as described above.

Employee and director remuneration proposals are to be raised during shareholders meetings.

Annual surpluses concluded by the Company are first subject to taxation and reimbursement of previous losses, followed by a 10% provision for statutory reserve. However, no further provision is needed when the statutory reserve has accumulated to an amount equal to the Company's paid-up capital. Any surpluses remaining shall then be subject to provision or reversal of the special reserve, as the laws may require. The residual balance can then be added to undistributed earnings carried from previous years and distributed as dividends with resolution sought from a shareholders meeting.

The Company shall allocate dividends in ways that maximize shareholders' equity, by taking into consideration a variety of factors including the competitive nature of the local/foreign/current/future industry environment, the investment environment, and capital requirements. Dividends can be distributed in shares or in cash, and should be allocated in reference to peers and the average level of the capital market. The cash portion must be no lesser than 20% of the total dividends.

If the Company has no cumulative losses outstanding, it may distribute all or part of

its statutory reserve and share premium (proceeds received from shares offered in excess of the face value) back to shareholders in the form of new shares or cash at the current shareholding percentage. However, only the amount of statutory reserve above 25% of paid-up capital can be distributed in new shares or in cash.

- Article 31 The Company's Board of Directors foundation principles and corporate foundation principles shall be established separately by the Board of Directors.
- Article 32 Any matters that are not addressed in the Articles of Incorporation shall be governed by The Company Act and relevant laws.
- Article 33 This Articles of Incorporation were established on August 10, 2005 with the consent of all founders. The 1st amendment was made on August 25, 2005. The 2nd amendment was made on July 27, 2006. The 3rd amendment was made on June 23, 2007. The 4th amendment was made on May 21, 2010. The 5th amendment was made on May 29, 2012. The 6th amendment was made on September 10, 2014. The 7th amendment was made on December 31, 2014. The 8th amendment was made on May 6, 2015. The 9th amendment was made on February 5, 2016, and the 10th amendment was made on June 6, 2019.

"Third Party Lending, Endorsements, and Guarantee Procedures"

Chapter 1 General Provisions

Article 1 The Company formulated this "Third Party Lending, Endorsements, and Guarantee Procedures" in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Loaning of Funds and Making of Endorsements/Guarantees by Public Companies" (hereinafter referred to as "these Regulations") regulated by the Financial Supervisory Commission (hereinafter referred to as "FSC"). Matters regarding the Company's lending to others or providing endorsements and/or guarantees to outside parties shall be handled in accordance with these Procedures, provided that where the laws or regulations provide otherwise, such provisions shall govern.

Article 2 Where the Company's financial reports are prepared according to the International Financial Reporting Standards, "net worth" in these Procedures means the balance sheet equity attributable to the owners of the parent company under the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.

"Subsidiary" and "parent company" as referred to in these Procedures shall be as determined under the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.

"Date of occurrence" in these Regulations means the date of transaction contract signing, date of payment, dates of Board of Directors resolutions, or other dates that can confirm the transaction counterparty and monetary amount of the transaction, whichever date is earlier.

The term "announce and report" as used in these Procedures means the process of entering data onto the information reporting website designated by the Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC).

Chapter II Third Party Lending

- Article 3 The borrowers of the Company's funds shall be restricted to:
 - 1. A company with which it does business, or
 - 2. A company in need of short-term financing.

The term "short-term" as used in the preceding paragraph means up to one year.

Lending to companies that have business transactions with the Company shall be limited to the situation where the companies need those funds for operational purposes. Lending to companies that have a need for short-term financing facilities shall be limited to subsidiaries of the Company in which the Company directly or indirectly holds more than fifty (50) percent of the voting stock.

Article 4 The total amount for lending and the maximum amount available to each company:

- 1. The amount of lending to each company, with which the Company does business, shall not exceed the cumulative amount of sales transaction (amount of sales transaction refers to the higher of the amount of sales or purchases) within 12 months before the lending, and the amount of lending shall not exceed ten (10) percent of the Company's net worth stated in the most recent financial report.
- 2. For lending to companies that have a need for short-term financing facilities, the amount of lending to each company shall not exceed ten (10) percent of the Company's net worth stated in the most recent financial report. However, for subsidiaries in which the Company holds, directly or indirectly, one hundred (100) percent of the voting shares, the amount of lending to each company shall not exceed forty (40%) percent of the Company's net worth stated in the most recent financial report.

The Company's total amount of lending to other parties shall not exceed forty (40%) percent of the Company's net worth stated in the most recent financial report.

The restriction of forty (40%) percent of the Company's net worth stated in the most recent financial report shall not apply to inter-company loans of funds between overseas companies in which the Company holds, directly or indirectly, one hundred (100) percent of the voting shares in need of short-term financing. However, the total amount of loans minus the sum of loans between companies in which the Company holds directly or indirectly, one hundred (100) percent of the voting shares shall not exceed forty (40) percent of the Company's net worth stated in the most recent financial report.

- Article 5 The term of each loan extended by the Company shall not exceed one year. The interest rates on loans may vary depending on the Company's capital cost. However, the rates shall not be lower than the Company's highest short-term borrowing rate at the time of loan extension. The interest shall be accrued on a monthly basis.
- Article 6 Any borrower, when applying for a loan from the Company, shall submit an application or a letter describing in detail the loan amount requested, term, purpose and collateral, together with certain basic information and financial data, to the Company to facilitate the evaluation and credit checking by the Company.

Based on the provided information, the financial department shall evaluate the necessity and rationality of the loan application, the credibility and risk assessment of

the borrowers, impact on the Company's business operations, financial conditions, and shareholder's equity, and the necessity to acquire collateral and appraisal of collateral shall be assessed in detail.

Article 7 When the borrower (excluding subsidiaries in which the Company directly or indirectly holds fifty (50) percent or more of the voting stocks) requests a loan according to the regulations above, they shall provide an equal amount of promissory notes, collateral, and/or other guarantees as requested by the Company. When collateral is provided, the owner shall grant pledges and/or mortgages to the

Company for the purpose of securitizing its obligations.

Article 8 All collateral, except land and securities, shall be covered by property fire insurance. For vehicles, comprehensive insurance shall be procured. The insured amount shall, in principle, be no less than the replacement cost of the collateral. The Company shall be named as the beneficiary of the insurance. The insured object, quantity, location, and coverage conditions must be consistent with the requirements of the Company.

Article 9 After a loan is extended, the finance department shall periodically evaluate the financial status and credit of the borrower and guarantor (if any). When the loan is due, the principal and interest should be paid off. In the event that a loan is over-due and not repaid even after the Company's repeated attempt to collect payment, the finance department shall immediately notify the relevant department or outside legal council for further legal actions to protect the Company's interests.

Article 10 Any lending of the Company's funds shall be evaluated with and subject to the "Guidelines for Fund-Lending and Providing Endorsements and Guarantees by Public Companies" announced by the Taiwan securities regulatory authority and the Procedures, and then submitted, together with the results of the evaluation made as described in Paragraph 2 of Article 6 of these Procedures, to the Board of Directors for its approval and no delegation shall be made to any person in this regard. However, major loans to others shall be approved by the Audit Committee and submitted to the Board of Directors for resolution in accordance with the relevant rules and regulations.

The Company shall take into full consideration each Independent Director's opinions when extending loans to others. Independent directors' opinions specifically expressing assent or dissent and the reasons of dissent shall be included in the minutes of the board meeting.

Article 11 Announcement and reporting procedures

The Company shall, prior to the tenth day of each month, publicly announce and

report the loan balance of the Company and its subsidiaries.

A Company whose balance of loans reaches one of the following levels shall announce and report such event within two days commencing immediately from the date of occurrence:

- 1. The total amount of loans provided by the Company and its subsidiaries reaches twenty (20) percent or above of the Company's net worth stated in the most recent financial report.
- 2. The amount of loans provided by the Company and its subsidiaries for a single enterprise reaches ten (10) percent or above or more of the Company's net worth as stated in its latest financial statement.
- 3. The amount of loans provided by the Company and its subsidiaries exceeds NT\$10,000,000 and exceeds two (2) percent of the net worth on the Company's latest financial statement.

The Company shall announce and report on behalf of any subsidiary thereof that is not a domestic company any matter that such subsidiary is required to announce and report pursuant to Paragraph 3 of the preceding paragraph.

- Article 12 The Company and its Subsidiaries shall establish and maintain a memorandum book for its fund-loaning activities and truthfully record the following information: borrower, amount, date of approval by the Board of Directors, lending date, and matters to be carefully evaluated in accordance with the relevant regulations.
- Article 13 The Company shall evaluate the status of loans and recognize sufficient allowances for bad debts, and shall adequately disclose all relevant information in its financial reports and provide certified public accountants with relevant information for the implementation of the necessary auditing procedures.
- Article 14 Should a borrower no longer satisfy the criteria set forth in the relevant regulations and/or these Procedures, or there is any excess over the lending limit due to unexpected changes of the Company or its Subsidiaries, a corrective plan has to be provided to the Independent Directors and the proposed correction actions should be implemented within the period specified in such plan.
- Article 15 When the subsidiaries of the Company are intending to extend loans to others, the Company shall order the subsidiary to formulate the "Procedure for Loans to Others" and submit it to its Board Meeting and Shareholders' Meeting for approval, and the same shall apply for amendments. The Company shall order the subsidiary to handle matters related to loans to others in accordance with its procedures.

When a subsidiary of the Company extends loans to other companies, it shall submit regular information thereof on a regular basis to the Company for review.

Chapter 3 Providing Endorsements, and Guarantees to Others

- Article 16 The term "endorsements/guarantees" used in these Procedures includes the following:
 - 1. Financing endorsements/guarantees:
 - (1) Bill discounting financing.
 - (2) Endorsements/guarantees made to meet the financing needs of another company.
 - (3) Issuance of a separate negotiable instrument to a non-financial enterprise as security to meet the financing needs of the Company itself.
 - 2. Customs duty endorsements/guarantees: endorsements/guarantees for the Company or another company with respect to customs duty matters.
 - 3. Other endorsements/guarantees: endorsements/guarantees outside the scope of the aforesaid two paragraphs

Any creation by the Company of a pledge or mortgage on its chattel or real estate as security for the loans of another company shall also comply with these Procedures.

- Article 17 The party to whom the Company may provide endorsements/guarantees includes the following:
 - 1. Any company having business transactions with the Company.
 - 2. Any company in which the Company holds directly or indirectly fifty (50) percent of the voting shares.
 - 3. Any parent company which holds directly or indirectly fifty (50) percent of the voting shares in the Company.

The companies in which the Company holds directly or indirectly 90% of the voting shares may make inter-company endorsements/guarantees, and the amount shall not exceed ten (10) percent of the Company's net worth stated in the most recent financial report. However, the amount of endorsements/guarantees made between the companies in which the Company holds directly or indirectly one hundred (100) percent of the voting shares shall not be subject to the above.

Where all capital contributing shareholders make endorsements/guarantees for their jointly invested company in proportion to their shareholding percentages, such endorsements/guarantees may be made free of the restrictions set forth in the preceding two paragraphs.

The term "capital contributing" as used in the preceding paragraph shall refer to capital contributions made directly by the Company, or through a company of which the Company holds one hundred (100) percent of the voting shares.

Article 18 The total amount of endorsements/guarantees provided by the Company shall not

exceed fifty (50) percent of the Company's net worth stated in the most recent financial report, and the amount of endorsements/guarantees provided by the Company for any single entity shall not exceed twenty (20) percent of the Company's net worth stated in the most recent financial report.

The total amount of endorsements/guarantees provided by the Company and its subsidiaries shall be limited to fifty (50) percent of the Company's net worth stated in the most recent financial report.

The total amount of endorsements/guarantees provided by the Company and its subsidiaries to a single entity shall be limited to twenty (20) percent of the Company's net worth stated in the most recent financial report.

The amount of endorsements/guarantees to each company, with which the Company does business, shall not exceed the cumulative amount of sales transactions (amount of sales transaction refers to the higher of the amount of sales or purchases) within twelve (12) months before the endorsements/guarantees are provided.

Article 19

Due to business relations, where the aggregate amount of endorsements/guarantees of the Company will exceed the limited amount specified in these Procedures, and the applicants are qualified for other requirements provided in these Procedures, such endorsements/guarantees shall be approved by the Board of Directors with a majority of the board members signing as guarantors for the contingency loss resulting therefrom, and these Procedures shall be modified and then submitted to the shareholders meeting for retroactive recognition. If the aforesaid endorsements/guarantees are not approved by the shareholders meeting, the Company shall make a plan to eliminate such exceeding amount within a specific period of time.

Article 20

In a case where the amount of endorsements/guarantees the Company provides for another company (in which the Company has directly or indirectly one hundred (100) percent of the voting shares plus the endorsements/guarantees balance) has not exceed the limit, the Chairman shall determine and then submit the issue to the next Board Meeting for retroactive recognition. The Company shall prudently evaluate whether the case complies with these Regulations and these Procedures, and then submit the evaluation result in accordance with Article 21 of these Procedures to the Board for discussion and agreement. However, major endorsements/guarantees shall be approved by the Audit Committee and submitted to the Board of Directors for resolution in accordance with the relevant rules and regulations.

When the board approves or retroactively recognize a case of endorsements/guarantees in accordance with the preceding regulation, the board

shall take into full consideration each independent director's opinions. Independent directors' opinions specifically expressing assent or dissent and their reasons for dissent shall be included in the minutes of the Board of Directors' meeting.

- Article 21 The Company shall examine and evaluate the following before making endorsements/guarantees, and prepare a record thereof:
 - 1. Verify the endorsed/guaranteed entity's purpose for borrowing the loan, its relation to the Company, importance of its business to the Company, the limit and balance of the Company's endorsements/guarantees, and evaluate the necessity and reasonableness thereof.
 - 2. Evaluate the potential risks, the operation, finance and credit status and repayment source of the entity based on its annual report, financial report, and other relevant documents.
 - 3. Evaluate the impact of the endorsements/guarantees on the Company's operating risk, financial status, and shareholders' equity based on the analysis of the percentage of Company's current endorsements/guarantees balance from the Company's net worth, liquidity, and cash flow status, and the review results of the first and second paragraphs.
 - 4. Evaluate if the entity should provide appropriate collateral, and if the value of the collateral should be re-valued on a quarterly basis to ensure that the value is equivalent to the endorsements/guarantees based on the nature of the guarantee, the credit status of the entity, and the evaluation results of the first to third paragraphs. Where necessary, the entity may be required to provide supplementary collateral.
 - 5. However, entities in which the Company holds directly or indirectly hold more than fifty (50) percent of the voting shares shall not be subject to the assessment in the preceding first to fourth paragraphs, and may be exempted from providing the collateral exemption.
 - 6. If the Company provides endorsements/guarantees to a subsidiary whose net worth is less than one-half of the paid-in capital, the Company should periodically review the subsidiary 's financial report and request improvement plans on a quarterly basis. If the shares of the subsidiary have a par value of or par value other than NT\$ 10, the paid-in capital shall be determined as the total of the capital stock plus the capital surplus additional paid-in capital.
- Article 22 When the subsidiary of the Company is intending to make endorsements or guarantees for others, the Company shall order the subsidiary to formulate the "Procedures for Endorsements/Guarantees" and submit them to its board meeting

and shareholders' meeting for approval, and the same shall apply for amendments. For subsidiaries that require no shareholders' meeting, the functions and powers thereto shall be conducted by the board meeting. The Company shall order the subsidiary to handle matters related to endorsements/guarantees in accordance with its procedures.

When a subsidiary of the Company provides endorsements/guarantees to other companies, it shall submit regular information thereof on a regular basis to the Company for review.

- Article 23 The Company shall use the corporate seal dedicated for endorsements/guarantees. The seal shall be kept in the custody of a designated person approved by the Board of Directors and may be used to seal or issue negotiable instruments only in "Procedures for Seal, Stamp, and Verification Management".
- Article 24 The Finance Department shall prepare a memorandum book for its endorsements/guarantees activities. After the endorsements/guarantees are approved by the Board or resolved by the Chairman, beside the affixing of seals in accordance with the procedure, the entity, the amount, date of Board approval or execution of the Chairman, date of endorsements/guarantees, and evaluation items as prescribed in Article 7 of these Procedures shall be recorded in detail. Other related documents including bills and agreements shall also be photocopied for safekeeping.

If the endorsement bill is renewed due to debt settlement or extension, the guaranteed company should prepare a document to send the original endorsement bill to the Company's financial department, and have it stamped with "Discharged" and returned. The Company shall keep the document for review. The finance department should record the discharged bills into the reference book at any time to reduce the cumulative endorsement amount.

- Article 25 In the event that the party to whom the Company provided endorsements/guarantees no longer satisfies the criteria set forth in the regulations, or the amount of endorsements/guarantees exceeds the limits due to changes of the basis on which the amounts of limits are calculated, the Finance Department shall draw up rectification plans to modify the total amount or the amount exceeding the limitation of endorsements/guarantees, and withdraw these portions within the specific period after being approved by the Chairman. The proposed rectification plans shall be submitted to all Audit Committees and be implemented in accordance with the timeframe set.
- Article 26 When the Company makes endorsements/guarantees to other companies, it should ask the other party to issue a promissory note of the equivalent amount to the

Company as a relative guarantee.

Article 27 Announcement and reporting procedures

The Company shall, prior to the tenth day of each month, publicly announce and report the endorsement/guarantee balance of the Company and its subsidiaries.

Except for reporting and announcing the endorsements/guarantees on a monthly basis, the Company and its subsidiaries whose balance of endorsements/guarantees reaches one of the following levels shall announce and report such event within two days commencing immediately from the date of occurrence:

- 1. The total amount of endorsements/guarantees provided by the Company and its subsidiaries reaches fifty (50) percent or above of the Company's net worth stated in the most recent financial report.
- 2. The total amount of endorsements/guarantees provided by the Company and its subsidiaries to a single entity shall be limited to twenty (20) percent or above of the Company's net worth stated in the most recent financial report.
- 3. The amount of endorsements/guarantees provided by the Company and its subsidiaries for a single enterprise reaches NT\$10 million or more and the aggregate amount of all endorsements/guarantees for, investment of a long-term nature in, and balance of loans to such enterprise are thirty (30) percent or more of the Company's net worth as stated in its latest financial statement.
- 4. The amount of new endorsements/guarantees made by the Company or its subsidiaries reaches NT\$30 million or more, and reaches five (5) percent or more of the Company's net worth as stated in its latest financial statement.

The Company shall announce and report on behalf of any subsidiary thereof that is not a domestic company any matter that such subsidiary is required to announce and report pursuant to Paragraph 4 of the preceding paragraph.

Article 28 The Finance Department shall, on a monthly basis, prepare a detailed statement any recording the occurrence and cancellation of matter regarding endorsements/guarantees, so as to control, follow-up, and prepare public announcements. The Finance Department shall evaluate and recognize contingent losses of endorsements/guarantees on a quarterly basis, and shall disclose information regarding its endorsements/guarantees in its financial reports and provide the CPA with the relevant information.

Chapter IV Miscellaneous

Article 29 This Company's managers and persons-in-charge shall follow these Procedures when handling third party lending, endorsements, and guarantees in order to prevent the Company from incurring any losses. Should there be any violation of the related regulations or the Procedures, subsequent castigation is subject to the related Personnel Articles of the Company.

Article 30 The internal audit personnel of the Company shall, on a quarterly basis, conduct an audit against these Procedures and its execution. Where any major violation is found, it shall be reported to the audit committee in a written form.

Article 31 The Procedures and any amendment thereof shall be effective upon approval by the Board of Directors first and then submitted to the Shareholders' Meeting for approval. Any objection by the Directors which is recorded or in writing shall be submitted to the Audit Committee and for discussion by the Shareholders Meeting. The same shall apply to any amendments to these Procedures.

When a matter is submitted for discussion by the Board of Directors in accordance with the preceding paragraph, the Board of Directors shall take into full consideration each independent director's opinions. If an independent director objects to or expresses reservations about any matter, it shall be recorded in the minutes of the Board Meeting.

The amendment of these Procedures shall be approved by more than half of all audit committee members and submitted to the Board of Directors for a resolution.

After the formulation of these Procedures, amendments shall be made thereto when the relevant regulations have been amended.

These Procedures were instituted and implemented on May 6, 2015, amendment for the 1st instance was approved by the Shareholders' Meeting on June 8, 2017.

Chunghwa Precision Test Tech. Co., Ltd. Regulations for the Election of Directors

- Article 1 The Company's election of Directors shall be conducted in accordance with these Regulations.
- Article 2 The overall composition of the Board of Directors shall be taken into consideration in the selection of this Company's directors. Each board member shall have the necessary knowledge, skill, and experience to perform their duties. The abilities that must be present in the board as a whole are as follows:
 - 1. Ability to make operational judgments.
 - 2. Accounting and financial analysis.
 - 3. Business administration.
 - 4. Crisis management.
 - 5. Industry knowledge.
 - 6. Vision of the global market.
 - 7. Leadership.
 - 8. Decision making.

More than half of the directors shall be persons who have neither a spousal relationship nor a relationship within the second degree of kinship with any other director.

Article 3 Article 3: The qualifications for the Independent Directors of the Company shall comply with the Regulations Governing the Appointment of Independent Directors and Compliance Matters for Public Companies.

Article 4 (Deleted)

Article 5 Election of the Company's directors shall proceed using the cumulative single-registered method. Each share is vested with voting rights equal to the number of directors to be elected. These voting rights may be concentrated on one candidate or spread across multiple candidates.

Elections of both directors and supervisors at this Company shall be conducted in accordance with the candidate nomination system and procedures set out in Article 192-1 of the Company Act. This Company shall review the qualifications, education, working experience, background, and the existence of any other matters set forth in Article 30 of the Company Act with respect to nominee directors and supervisors and may not

- arbitrarily add requirements for documentation of other qualifications. It shall further provide the results of the review to shareholders for their reference, so that qualified directors and supervisors will be elected
- Article 6 Before the election begins, the chair shall appoint the vote monitoring and counting personnel. Vote monitoring personnel shall be persons with shareholder status.
- Article 7 The number of directors will be as specified in the Company's Article of Incorporation, with voting rights separately calculated for independent and non-independent director positions. Those receiving ballots representing the highest numbers of the voting rights will be elected sequentially according to their respective numbers of votes. When two or more persons receive the same number of votes, thus exceeding the specified number of positions, they shall draw lots to determine the winner, with the chair drawing lots on behalf of any person not in attendance.
- Article 8 Regarding the election of Directors, the ballot boxes shall be prepared by the Company and publicly checked by the vote monitoring personnel before voting commences. The Company shall prepare the ballots. The number of the voting rights associated with each ballot shall be specified on the ballots, which shall then be distributed to the attending shareholders at the shareholders meeting. Attendance card numbers printed on the ballots may be used instead of recording the names of the voting shareholders.
- Article 9 If a candidate is a shareholder, a voter must enter the candidate's account name and shareholder account number in the "candidate" column of the ballot. For a non-shareholder, the voter shall enter the candidate's full name and identity card number. However, when the candidate is a governmental organization or juristic-person shareholder, the name of the governmental organization or juristic-person shareholder shall be entered in the column for the candidate's account name in the ballot paper, or both the name of the governmental organization or juristic-person shareholder and the name of its representative may be entered. When there are multiple representatives, the names of each respective representative shall be entered.
- Article 10 A ballot is invalid under any of the following circumstances, and the voting rights shall not be calculated in the poll:
 - 1. The ballot was not prepared in accordance with Article 8.
 - 2. Two or more candidates are entered in one ballot.
 - 3. A ballot is not placed in the ballot box or a blank ballot is placed in the ballot box.
 - 4. Other words or marks are entered in addition to the candidate's account name or

- shareholder account number (or identity card number) and the number of the voting rights allotted.
- 5. The writing is unclear and indecipherable or has been altered.
- 6. The candidate's account name and shareholder account number do not conform with those given in the shareholder register, or the candidate whose name is entered in the ballot is a non-shareholder, and a cross-check shows that the candidate's name and identity card number do not match.
- 7. The candidate's name entered in the ballot is identical with other shareholders, and not handled in accordance with Article 9.
- Article 11 The voting rights shall be calculated on site immediately after the end of the poll, and the results of the calculation shall be announced by the chair on the site.

Article 12 (Deleted)

- Article 13 Issues that are not fully addressed in the these Regulations shall be processed in accordance with the Company Act, other relevant regulations, the Company's Articles of Incorporation and Shareholder Conference Rules.
- Article 14 These Regulations, and any amendments hereto, shall be implemented on the date of approval by a shareholders meeting. These Regulations were instituted on June 11, 2008. Amendment for the 1st instance on December 31, 2014. Amendment for the 2nd instance on June 8, 2016.

Directors' Shareholding

Directors' individual and aggregate shareholding as of the book closure date (April 5, 2020) prior to this annual general meeting are shown as follows:

Position	Name	Shares held	Shareholding percentage
Chairman	Representative of Chunghwa Investment Co., Ltd.: Hsiu-Gu Huang	11 220 994	34.25%
Director	Representative of Chunghwa Investment Co., Ltd.: Kuo-Feng Lin	11,229,884	
Director	Shui-Ke Huang	861,594	2.63%
Director	Representative of MediaTek Capital Co.: David Ku	351,000	1.07%
Independent Director	Wen-Nan Tsan	-	-
Independent Director	Chung-Fern Wu	-	-
Independent Director	Huang-Chuan Chiu	-	-
	Directors - total	12,442,478	37.95%

Note:

- 1. The Company has a paid-up capital of NT\$327,890,220 in 32,789,022 issued shares.
- 2. The Company has assembled an Audit Committee, therefore the supervisors' minimum shareholding requirements do not apply here.
- 3. According to Article 26 of the Securities and Exchange Act, the entire Board of Directors is required to maintain a minimum holding position of 3,600,000 shares. (Note: According to Article 2 of the "Rules and Review Procedures for Director and Supervisor Share Ownership Ratios in Public Companies", the Company has elected at least two (2) independent directors, therefore requiring shareholding of directors other than independent directors is reduced to 80%)
- 4. Actual shares held by directors: 12,442,478 shares.
- 5. Directors' aggregate shareholding position has met the legal requirements.